THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 34. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1899. NO. 39.

NEW STORE. FRESH GOODS.

CRAMER'S

Popular Variety Store

New line of winter Coats and Capes. Elegant in texture and make.

Newest styles in Fancy Dress patterns.

Fine line of Ready-made Clothing of the best manufacture.

Ladies' - Furnishing - Goods.

Tinware, Glassware,
Silverware, Dishes, by sets,
One hundred piece
Dinner and Tea Sets,
Crockery,
Lamps, Lanterns,
Clocks,
Table Oil Cloth,
Clothes Wringers,
Window Shades, Wall Paper,
Sewing Machines,

D. F. CRAMER,
Emporium, Pa.

Dress Goods.

We assert that our showing of Dress Goods for Autumn wear is without a peer in the matter of variety and refined selection—a claim that is supported by a volume of business which is wholly unprecedented and is still rapidly growing.

Not only are these offerings superior, but the prices are most favorable.

These novelties must be seen to be appreciated.

Fall Capes AND Jackets

This department is unusually active, and purchasers are reaping the benefit of the forehanded methods which gave us a large stock of Jackets and Capes for this season's trade, at prices extremely low for first-class garments.

Fashion has been kind in her plans this fall. Her decree seldom bends with economy; but for once the two are yoke mates.

The latest Fall Styles are here at the LOW prices that have made this department so well known.

BE SURE AND COME IN EARLY.

M. C. TULIS.

LOCAL NOTICES.

FOR a good bargain in overcoats go to N. Seger's.

THE KING of oratory at M. E. church Friday evening. Doors open at 7:15 p. m.

The doll baby exhibit at Taggart's Drug Store is simply fine and prices within the reach of all.

LADIES! clean your kid gloves with Miller's Glovine, for sale only by Balcom & Lloyd, headquarters for kid gloves and the famous Dartmouth gloves; all the latest shades. 5-ly

Hellow! John, how much did you pay for that four ounce prescription? Fifty cents. Well I am fifteen cents in. Only thirty-five. I went to Taggart's.

NOTICE!—All persons indebted to C. B. Howard & Company, for wood, on or before Nov. 8th, 1899, are requested to make payment to me.

REUBEN FOUNTAIN.

China is as appropriate for birthday, wedding and Christmas presents as anything you can find and Taggart has the best line in town. Call and examine.

ALL LOVERS of prose and poetry, wit and humor, monologue, dialogue and polylogue, from the best literature of the world, should come and hear Dr. King at M, E. church Friday evening.

FOR SALE.—A number of fine dwellings and properties for sale in Emporium. Well located and provided with all modern conveniences. Terms reasonable. Inquire of

B. W. GREEN,
38-4t. C. W. SHAFFER.

THE ladies of the Presbyterian church will continue their sale of Home-made Bread and Cakes at the usual place—next to Dodson's drug store. Saturday, Nov. 25.

TURKEY DINNER—The ladies of the M. E. Church wil serve a Turkey Dinner, Thanksgiving day, in the parlors of the church. We earnestly solicit your patronage. Price of diuner 25 cents.

ALL the requisites for man's comfort and protection against winter's icy blasts may be found in the large stock of men's underwear, shoes, hosiery, gloves and mittens, hats and caps, and a fine line of ready-made suits and overcoats at N. Seger's.

LOST.—An Armenian boy, George Allen, age 13 years, 3½ feet tall, light complexion, speaks English, and when last seen was peddling notions, etc., from a box strapped over right shoulder and telescope satchel over left shoulder. Any information as to his whereabouts will be gratefully received by Hesne Allen, 104 Dandoff St., Carbondale, Pa.

GOOD THINGS FOR THANKSGIVING—Plum Pudding and Mince Meat to the Queen's taste, pure Spices, Seasonings, Flavoring Extracts, pure Fruit Jellies and Preserves, Cluster Raisins, Nuts, Confectionery, Pickles, Olives, Fancy Cheese, Florida Oranges, Choice Apples, Celery, Sweet Potatoes, "Royal" Mocha and Java Coffee. Your orders solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. Store open until noon on Thanksgiving Day.

DAY'S.

FLAT TO LET.—One groundfloor fl at in the Odd Fellows Block, to let to the right party. These rooms are in first-class condition, well ventilated, supplied with gas, water, bath and closet. They are the most desirable residence locations in Emporium. Apply at once to

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
FRANK HALDERMAN,
E. W. GASKILL,
Trustees,

or, J. H. SWAIN, on the premises, who will conduct you through the rooms.
36-3t. e. o. w.

A Curiosity.

In last week's issue of the Independent there appeared a wail from some individual, with a sour stomach, who styled himself "Republican" (?). A perusal of the silly stuff may delude those citizens not familiar with the situation in this county, yet none will be caught by the wails of the writer who neither supports nor labors for the success of Republican candidates, yet has the cheek to pose as a Republican. We care nothing for the "rot" hurled at us—yet we must have more influence in Cameron county than the writer gives us credit, when the fact is taken into consideration that Messrs. Gleason and Gaskill received the almost solid endorsement of the Republicans of the county at the primary elections. It was the general sentiment of the tax-payers of the county that Messrs. Gleason, Gaskill and Vogt were safe men for county commissioners and should be re-elected. The defeat of Mr. Gleason was simply owing to the fact that he declined to canvass the county, in accordance with an agreement made by all the candidates some time before the election and was violated by some, who did solicit. Mr. Gaskill and Mr. Vogt declined to violate the pledge and remained at home attending to their business until the day before election, while Mr. Mason was hustling for votes for *himself* and received the "dead" votes of all such individuals who have the gall to style themselves "Republicans."

As to Mr. Burlingame the PRESS has none but the kindest feeling and, as we informed his son H. D., early in the season we should support his candidacy unless Mr. Gaskill would be a candidate for re-election. Delos Burlingame is not to be caught with any such clap-trap stuff as that emanating from the self-confessed sore head. During the campaign for the nomination not a word was said by the PRESS for or against any candidate—that was left to be expressed by the voters at at the primaries, where they voted for the candidates direct and instructed the delegates.

Every line of the article published in the Independent is a tissue of falsehoods, from start to finish.

Big Excitement.

Last Friday a deer made its appearance in C. B. Howard & Company's mill pond, causing great excitement among the men. The doe, for such it was, evidently had been chased by dogs, bounded into the pond among the logs and men working there. All hands made for the frightened animal with pick-levers, poles, etc., but the deer was too fast for them. Bob Clark struck it several times over the head and Ed Litrenau endeavored to catch it by the horns and was astonished to to see it leap over him. Ed says, "How him fly." The deer got away and made for the mountain, followed by a number of men.

University Association.

Nov. 27: Nathaniel Hawthorn, Rev. Robt. McCaslin; Daniel Webster, Josiah Howard; The Age of Orators, Miss Nellie Hogan.

Dec. 4: Religious Movements of the Nineteenth Century, Rev. W. P. Shriner; Emerson as Essayist and Philosopher, Prof. Stauffer; Emerson as Poet, Miss Blanche Ludlum; The Alcotts, Miss Rose Bair; Margaret Fuller, Mrs. Burlingame; Theodore Parker, Miss VanValkenberg; Henry David Thoreau, Miss Bonham.

Some Sort of a Critter.

Chicago News.

A prominent clergyman of the Episcopal church, while traveling down in the backwoods of Maine, was obliged to spend the night at a farm house. In conversation with the farmer's wife, he asked: "Are there many Episcopalians about here?" She replied: "Wal, really, I dunno; the hired man killed some sort of a critter the other day out back of the barn, but I think he 'lowed 'twas a woodchuck."

Your Attention, Please.

Anyone is liable to make a mistake, and many are just as liable to be mistaken. We haye no apologies to make but some people have, in some way, grasped the idea that Prof. King is to deliver a lecture Friday evening, at the M. E. church. Such is not the case, however. He is going to give a promisciously arranged program that will be highly pleasing to everybody. Remember that Mr. King possesses humorous talent unsurpassed, and all who hear him will acknowledge that the Irish, German, Scotch and American dialects are spoken in all their genuineness. If you want to laugh, hear him; if you wish to acquire knowledge from the best elocutionary teacher in America, hear him.

Prof. King gives special notice that no extra charge will be made for dyspeptics; no rebate given where an auditor faints from laughter, or where benefits are received. Come all and sit in the sunshine of good humor and mirth. Be good, be happy, be good-natured, be sympathetic, and the ways of life will be smoother and brighter. Friday evening of this week, in M. E. church. Admission 35 cts., children 15 cts.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Three Thousand Feet Deep.

A Bradford correspondent says: Mike Miller has the deepest oil well in the northern field. It is more than 3,000 feet in depth. The cable which he used in drilling the well broke some time ago, and since then he has done no drilling. He is about to get a new cable and commence where he left off. He hopes to find in the remote depths another productive oil sand. There are quite a number of oil people who believe that he will get something if he perseveres. It would be remarkable if he should. There would in that case be an immediate re-drilling of thousands of oil wells throughout this section of the state.

"Frank Harvey's new play 'The World Against Her,' was produced for the first time in Brooklyn last night at the Grand Opera House by Agnes Wallace Villa, supported by a remarkably well-balanced company. The plot of the play of which a sketh has already been given, proved to be a strong melodrama of a much higher order of merit than one is accustomed to find or to expect in pieces of its class. It scored a decided success, the principals being recalled after each act. The story is in itself of exciting interest, and as worked out in incident, situation and dialogue appeals strongly to the common sympathies and excites the purest emotions of human nature. The self-sacrificing, fearless love of mother for her child, the sufferings of wronged and much injured wife, the bright side of life among the poor, contrasted with its hardships and gloomy surroundings, the Christian kindness which the lowly extend to each other and to those more destitute than themselves—these are all phases of life which are treated naturally and with such simple power. The prevalent sombre tone of the play is relieved by touches of humor, introduced by the showman and his wife and the love by-play of a romantic girl in her teens and her not very demonstrative sweetheart.

Mr. Harvey's play had considerable success in England before it was secured for this country. It is beyond a dout, destined to become popular here with the vast multitude of play goers who like melodrama, pure and simple. The individual members of the excellent company elicited warm applause from the crowded house. It is cleverly acted and handsomely staged."—Brooklyn Eagle.

At the opera house, Friday evening, Nov. 24. Admission 35c. children, 25c; Reserved seats 50c. Tickets on sale at H. S. Lloyd's Many of our citizens will remember the Wallace Sisters, who used to visit Emporium years ago and no doubt will give Miss Agnes a good audience. Remember the date, to-morrow evening.

Vice President Hobart Dead.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 21.—Vice President Garret A. Hobart died at 8:30 this forenoon.

The Vice President had been failing since late yesterday afternoon, although the reports given out at the house were that he was holding his own.

At midnight he became unconscious, and at seven o'clock this morning he had an attack of agina pectoris, from which he never rallied. His death followed at 8:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Hobart, Garret A. Hobart, Jr., Dr. Newton, Mrs. Newton, who is a cousin of Mrs. Hobart, and the nurse were at the patient's bedside constantly from the time he became unconscious.

At 7:30 o'clock the Vice President's secretary, Mr. Evans, called up the White House by telephone and notified President McKinley that Mr. Hobart was dying. At 9 o'clock Mr. Evans communicated again with the President, notifying him of the Vice President's death.

The flags on public buildings and many private residences were immediately half-masted when the news of the Vice President's death became known.

The bell on the City Hall began tolling at 10 a. m., and continued at short intervals.

The Passaic county court met at 10 o'clock and adjourned in token of respect to the dead Vice President.

The funeral will probably be held next Saturday, although no public announcement of this fact has yet been made.

Although the Vice President's death had been expected at any time, there was still hope among his personal friends in Patterson that he would survive for some time to come. The neighbors and life-long friends of the Vice President were deeply affected over his death.

Soon after the news of Mr. Hobart's death was sent over the the wires, telegrams of condolence began to arrive at Carroll. Among the first to send words of sympathy and condolence to Mrs. Hobart were President and Mrs. McKinley.

Before Mr. Hobart became unconscious he was able to converse with Mrs. Hobart about some private affairs. He was very patient and showed his remarkable will power to the last.

President McKinley sent word that he would endeavor to have a talk with Mrs. Hobart over the telephone.

The business houses and public buildings in Patterson have been draped in black. Telegrams announcing Mr. Hobart's death were sent to many of his old friends in public and private life. Among them Senator Hanna of Ohio, Senator Sewall and Gov. Voorhees of New Jersey. During the forenoon many of the Vice President's intimate friends and neighbors called at Carroll Holl and left their cards.

An Apology.

Our modest friend, Hon. I. K. Hockley, feels sorely grieved over our innocent reference to the fact that as Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, he was made a tool by designing politicians to injure Col. Barnett, candidate for State Treasurer, and feels aggrieved that we classed him with the character assassins. Since Col. Barnett is elected by the handsome majority of 110,000 in the State and led the ticket in Cameron county, we are ready to whitewash you, I. K. Prepare your manifesto, *a la Andrews*, and we shall gladly wipe out the stain, but don't do it again.

Harry Harrison, the Syracuse boy, known as the "human ostrich" has been amazing the students of the University of Buffalo by his wonderful performances. At a recent exhibition of his ability to swallow different things in the line of hardware, he started in with a couple of good sized knife blades which he calmly bit off the handle and gulped down with much relish. Following this feat with the knife blades Harrison swallowed a one and one-half inch screw, two lath nails, which he bit in half, fifty two-ounce tapestry tacks, three one-half inch screws and finished by chewing up and swallowing a good sized glass goblet. He is a puzzle to the physicians, who say his act is nothing short of marvelous.

Silence is doubly golden when you can't think of a satisfactory answer.

BRIEF MENTION.

Howard C. Benham will be electrocuted January 2d.

Harry Harris, who murdered his young wife in Baltimore, some time ago, entered a plea of "Not guilty," at the preliminary hearing last Saturday.

The Ross House, at Ridgway was destroped by fire last Wednesday. The fire originated in the third story, supposedly from the gas jet. Covered by insurance.

One of the contemporary poets asks, "Where are the bright girls of the past?" Our own observation is that some of them are administering cautious doses of paregoric to the bright girls of the future.—Ex.

All the local puddle and rolling mills of the American Iron and Steel Company, at Lebanon, have suspended operations. The cause is an exhausted coal supply, resulting from the car famine.

Some dogs chased a deer into Howard's pond a few days ago, and in an attempt to capture it some of the men severely wounded it, and it is reported that some boys found its lifeless carcass a few miles above town the following day.

Private Jesse J. B. Wall, of the Tenth regiment, has been appointed millitary instructor at the Uniontown Soldiers' Orphans' School. Private Wall is a son of J. Sutton Wall, chief draughsman in the International Affairs Department, and accompanied Colonel Barnett in his stumping tour of the State.

Two young girls, the Misses Rider, of Short Mountain, Blair county, made a record for corn husking this fall. In eight and one-half days they husked 1,448 bushels, and in eleven days 1,923 bushels, an average of 175 bushels per day. During the first eight and one-half days they had the nubbins to contend with; the last two and one-half days the best of corn.

A Pasture in the Woods.

Among the prominent cattle dealers who visit Buffalo at regular intervals for the purpose of purchasing stock is George E. Brown, of Olean, says a recent dispatch. Just at present Mr. Brown is conducting an experiment in attempting to use the hemlock slashings, as the timber tracts which have been cut over to obtain bark are termed, as cattle and sheep ranches.

About a year ago Mr. Brown purchased of C. W. & F. H. Goodyear, the Buffalo lumber dealers, who own an immense acreage of the finest hemlock timber in Pennsylvania, 18,000 acres of denudad hemlock lands in Potter county. Fifteen thousand acres of it is in a solid block. The Goodyears had stripped the hemlock bark and timber and left the hardwood standing, such as was not broken off by the falling hemlock. The price paid was less than a dollar an acre

It is a rough, mountainous section, watered by trout streams that for years have made this section famous among fishermen, and the soil is very productive. Little of the tract is level or suitable for farming, the valleys being very narrow and the hills steep.

Brown's idea is to burn the land over, after saving what hardwood he can, sow timothy seed and fence the entire tract in with wire. This is the first season he has experimented and he is well pleased with results. Last spring he bought 700 head of Canadian cattle at the East Buffalo market and turned them out to run over his Potter county ridges.

This fall he sold the herd to Eastern dealers. He found that the cattle did tar better on the new land than other herds he owned did on his worn out pasture lands in Western New York. His idea is not to winter the cattle; he has never done that, but to buy lean cattle on the Buffalo market every spring and pasture them on his Potter county range.

The Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad runs through his lands and he can get a direct line to take the cattle in and to ship them out in the fall. Next spring he expects to turn an immense herd out on his ranch and also a large number of sheep

The country is admirably adapted for grazing sheep, which he will winter there on a big farm he will have cleared up for that purpose. For years thousands of acres of denuded lands that comprise the timber belt of Western Pennsylvania have been sold for taxes, being counted absolutely worthless by their owners, who were only interested in the timber.

Mr. Brown is very enthusiastic over the outlook and other cattle dealers are turning their attention to the possibilities that his experiment has revealed.

That section of Pennsylvania is one of the best watered in the United States, the lands are cheap and the expense of burning them over, seeding down and fencing with wire is not great. On these new lands the timothy grows to the height of five feet. Only one man was required to take care of Mr. Brown's herd this season, he says.

EASTMAN'S KODAK

WILL PHOTOGRAPH THE WEATHER.
FRIDAY, Rain, turning to snow.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will do the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

Thanksgiving.

With the great feast day of the year just ahead, the housewife's thoughts divide attention between good things to eat and good things to buy at Lloyd's.

If ever there was a time when thankfullness should find general expression, it seems to be now No matter what form the observance shall take, the honored American instution—the Thanksgiving Dinner—will be in fullest evidence. Our store is stocked with books, stationery, kodaks, wall paper, guns, ammunition and good cigars, etc.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A Good Example.

The subject of food adulteration was brought to the attention of a recent grand jury at Philadedphia, which made a special presentment on that subject, saying that "the adulteration of food is a matter of such vital importance to every member of the community that the strongest measures should be taken to prevent and punish the crime." Special attention was called to the fact that it is not always the retailer who is at fault, but that very frequently the adulteration is made by the wholesaler or manufacturer. The Pennsylvania law prohibits the use of borax, boracic acid, salicylate of sodium and salicylic acid as preservatives in any article of food, and this provision of the adulteration act is relied upon in many instances to secure convictions, these preservatives being frequently used by milk dealers. The Pennsylvania oleomargarine law is also quite severe, the retail dealer being held responsible even if he himself bought oleomargarine in the belief that it was butter.

One of the officials of the Canadian police at Niagara Falls tells the following story in the Buffalo Commercial: "A German from Pennsylvania blew in the other day and asked the officials if there was anything about the place worth seeing. 'You zee,' he said, 'it's shust like dis: My frients und frau tole me I should take id in, und I vant to take everyting in der iss to zee. Day did zay der was someding great here, und I forgot id already, und I haf walked all ofer und see nodings.' The visitor was at once taken to the finest view of the falls, where he stood a few minutes looking around. 'Well?' said his conductor, at last. 'Vell?' returned the man. 'I zee nodings.' 'Don't you see the falls?' 'Vat! Dot vater falling? Iss dot for vat I cum all dis vays to zee, a liddle vater dripping? Ach, Gott! I go me home.'"

Here is a corker from the Valdosta (Ga.) Times: "Smith Myddleton had a novel catch while fishing in the river on Saturday. It was the occasion of the fish fry given by Mr. Will McKee to a party of young people at Valdosta. Smith put out a trout line, baited with minnows, and in a short while went back to see what the results were. To his surprise he found a four-pound trout on one of the hooks, a big catfish on the other and a crane on the other hook. Such a catch of fish and bird has not been recorded in this section before." If Mr. Myddleton had only put out another hook he might have made a good catch.

A not very courteous author, replying to one of the interview syndicates that had propounded the question: "When do you write, and what do you get for what you write?" said: "I write when I please, and it's none of your darn business what I get for what I write!" But when the managing editor of the syndicate informed him that he merely wanted to know his terms so that he might forward him a check for some work he had in view the author changed his tune and wrote six pages of information, with an apology in postscript.

When the yacht America, in August, 1851, beat 17 British yachts, the news was 13 days in reaching the United States. No New York or Boston paper had from its own correspondent over 500 words describing the contest. Most of the American papers covered the race with brief clippings from the London journals. Newspaper enterprise has expanded in the 48 years since the America made her brilliant run around the Isle of Wight, leading her nearest competitor 20 minutes.

C. G. Herr, of Lancaster, Pa., has received a letter from a person residing in the west in which ten dollars is sent to him as conscience money. The writer says that many years ago he stole a set of old harness from Mr. Herr's father, and, having since then turned over a new leaf, the money is forwarded to wipe out the old score.

Our agricultural department is not satisfied with the fact that all perfumes are manufactured abroad, and has sent agents to the Mediterranean region to bring back the Bulgarian rose and other plants from which fragrant extracts are derived. Their culture will be tested in various parts of the United States

MEANING OF THE ELECTIONS.

The Policy of the Administration Sustained in All But Two States.

It will not require many facts to make clear the falsity of the democratic claim that the president was rebuked in all the states that voted on Tuesday. Begin with Massachusetts. The republican plurality is nearly 66,000; it was considerably larger last year because, on Tuesday, the republican vote fell off nearly 20,000 and the democratic only 3,000, and this with the open indorsement of the democratic ticket by the mugwumps and anti-expansionists. Mr. Bryan will not be elected president in 1900 by states whose republican majorities fall from 80,000 to 60,000. Tammany carried Greater New York, but by much less than its usual majority. The republicans gained elsewhere in the state. New Jersey and Pennsylvania made it clear that they would stand with the republicans a year hence. Coming to the president's state it can be claimed that the republicans have rarely won in Ohio a more emphatic triumph. In an off year, in the face of open treason and secret treachery in official places, with a candidate using hundreds of thousands of dollars to debauch voters, and with factional jealousies, the rank and file of the republican party in Ohio have given Judge Nash about as large a plurality as President McKinley received in 1896. Forcing the question of expansion to the front in Iowa in the most aggressive manner, the republicans have gained thousands of votes in that state. The republicans have also carried Kansas and South Dakota. If the result in Kentucky has no national significance it has given the democratic leaders a feud that will distract them for years to come.

The democrats carried Maryland and Mr. Bryan carried his own state. They carried Maryland upon a platform which was carefully silent on the money question and because of the dissensions created by a few would-be bosses in the republican party. It is not probable that the Bryan party can carry Maryland next year on the Chicago platform, with Mr. Bryan as a candidate; and if they could—if by Goebel counting out laws the solid south should be arrayed for the Bryan ticket, Nebraska and Colorado are not sufficient, with the gain of Kentucky and Maryland, to elect Mr. Bryan. In Maryland and Kentucky, in 1896, President McKinley received 20 electoral votes, and in Kansas, South Dakota and Washington Mr. Bryan received 18 votes. The votes of these states are more certain for President McKinley in 1900 than is Maryland for Mr. Bryan.

There was nothing in Tuesday's elections to indicate that one northern state, great or small, which voted for McKinley in 1896 would not vote for him next November. Indeed, wherever there was voting on Tuesday, except in Maryland and Nebraska, it sustained the policy of the president, even when a part of that policy is stigmatized as imperialism.—Indianapolis Journal.

ECHOES OF THE ELECTIONS.

Comments of Republicam Journals on the Results in the Various States.

☞Col. Bryan will perceive that he has failed to talk "imperialism" to death.—Chicago Tribune.

☞The result in Ohio was as emphatic an indorsement as a president could have from his own state in an off year.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞As a prelude to the year 1900 elections on the 7th were a solid assurance of renewed republican success.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞There is some doubt about what question the democracy will take up next year, but there is a prevalent belief that it will prefer something else. —Milwaukee Sentinel.

☞It will be the height of political stupidity for the opponents of the president's policy to attempt to detract from the force and significance of the vote of confidence in the national administration registered by the people of Ohio.—Chicago Times-Herald.

☞If the friends of William J. Bryan are not wholly deprived of sight and sense they must perceive that the state elections terminate his political career. The voters did not indorse him or his principles. They sustained the administration and its policies, which he has attacked.—N. Y. Times (Gold Dem.).

☞Tuesday's elections resulted in a magnificent indorsement of republican policy and demonstrated the fact that the people of the country are untouched still by the silver heresy and the traitorous sentiment that would haul down the flag raised by the valor of American arms in the Philippines. —St. Paul Dispatch.

☞There is no concealment of the fact that republican leaders want Bryan renominated, and are willing to sacrifice Nebraska for the present on the theory that he is the easiest man to beat, as he will always stand for the silver issue, no matter how he attempts to avoid it, and on this issue the republicans are confident they can win.—Chicago Tribune.

☞"President McKinley's policy has been vindicated by the result in Ohio," said Assistant Secretary Vanderlip. "Considering the conditions it was a remarkable victory. The triumph of the fusionists in Nebraska means that Bryan will be a candidate next year. This is what every republican wants, as he will be the easiest man to defeat. In Iowa the result is significant, as the platform declared emphatically for sound money and expansion. The result in this state is particularly gratifying to the party and points clearly to republican success next year."

PREPARING THE WAY.

The President's Philippine Policy Receives the Fullest Indorsement as a Peacemaker.

President McKinley's administration has had no stronger words of justification, we will not say of defense, than were found in the very noteworthy speech of Hon. Elihu Root, his new secretary of war, delivered recently at the Marquette club dinner at Chicago. He made complete answer to the anti-expansionists. He emphasized facts that had in part been told heretofore, but which the anti-expansionists had either refused to hear or failed to remember. These facts cannot be repeated too often or be remembered too long.

Secretary Root says the problem which confronted us in the Philippines was how to hold back the uncounted hordes who surrounded Manila, how to keep in subjection the 200,000 Filipinos in the city who had been ordered to rise and massacre every European, while we were waiting during the rainy season until a new army could be raised and sent a third of the way around the world to take the place of the returning volunteers. Seventeen thousand of the latter have been brought back, and a new army of 27,000 has taken their places. Seventeen thousand more are on the way, 17,000 in camp ready to start, and by the end of November, Secretary Root adds, 65,000 American soldiers, the best youth of America, will be ready for duty in the Philippines.

The secretary called attention again to the fact that we are not fighting the Filipino nation, because there is none; that there are hundreds of islands in the Philippines, inhabited by over 60 tribes, speaking more than six languages, and every tribe but one ready to accept American sovereignty. Admiral Dewey, Gen. Greene and President Schurman says the Filipinos are not fit for self-government, and the insurgents themselves only demand the right of self-government under the protection of the United States; the right to make war, but only with our help. The vast majority, including the men of property and intelligence of the Filipinos, are anxious for peace, and the secretary declared that "we are fighting against the selfish ambition of a military dictator brought from exile by an American ship, furnished with arms by American soldiers, who has been permitted to gather all the forces of disorder, has attained supreme power by the assassination of his rival, and maintains it by the murder of everyone whom he can reach who favors the United States."

The secretary believes that as long as the American people stand behind the American soldier he will maintain the honor of his flag. These are not mere words of sentiment; they come from one of ultra-conservatism, a student of the situation, a man trained in thought and naturally possessed of a judicial temperament. We are among those who believe that the anti-expansion sentiment in this country has been greatly overestimated. The tendency of the times is clear. What Charles Kendall Adams, in his interesting article in the Atlantic Monthly, calls "the ever irresistible encroachment of the occident upon the orient, of the modern spirit upon the spirit of antiquity," is noticeable among all the great nations of the world. "It is," says Mr. Adams, "the substitution of the railroad train for the ox-cart and the caravan. It is electricity driving out the rushlight. It is the white man ever civilizing the red man or pushing him out of the way."

He might have added that it is opening the doors that have been shut; it is blazing the way with weapons of war for the entrance of perpetual peace. In the words of Rev. Lyman J. Abbott, at the recent international Congregational council at Boston: "Where conscience and reason are wanting, and either despotism rules by the reddened sword of anarchy runs its wild amuck, the Christian must meet sword with sword and awaken conscience and reason through the wholesome fear of a stronger arm." Bishop Thoburn, fresh from the Philippines, said as much in his recent interesting contribution to these columns, and it is this thought and not thirst for blood or an eager pursuit of plunder that animates the sentiment of the American people in reference to the Philippine question. —Leslie's Weekly.

CURRENT COMMENT.

☞Mr. Bryan would doubtless be well content to have Kentucky forget Goebelism and centralize on Bryanism.—Washington Star.

☞Because everybody else is prosperous Col. Bryan has discovered that the best way for him to get prosperity is to howl for it.—Cleveland Leader.

☞Mr. Bryan says "Dewey has added glory to American arms." He also made an addition to the American map that is worthy of mention.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞Mr. Bryan has been saying that there are now 16 reasons why one should vote the democratic ticket where there was one in 1896, which shows that he is mistaken, as usual. His 16 reasons will not be reasons to intelligent people. —Indianapolis Journal.

☞A serious uprising by natives in Manila was frustrated by the prompt action of the American military authorities. The natives intended to butcher all the Americans they could get at. They probably had been reading Atkinsonian pamphlets and Bryan democratic platforms.—Troy Times.

☞It is impossible to see how any unbiased person can read the report of the Philippine commission without being convinced that it is the inevitable duty of the United States, both for its own honor and for the greatest measure of liberty to the Filipinos, to suppress the insurrection and maintain a general control of the archipelago.—Chicago Tribune.

WHAT SENATOR JONES WANTS

The Workers Are Prosperous But His Friends Cannot Get Rich by Loafing.

Senator Jones, chairman of the Chicago democratic party, returned to this country from Europe a few days ago, and proceeded at once to unbosom himself to the American people. He said that all of this talk about prosperity was ridiculous, and that the country was not prosperous. Now, for any man to stand up in the face of the American people and tell them that they are not prosperous, when the country is in such a rush and tide of business as was never heard of before, is simply to discredit himself with all observant men.

But in point of fact Senator Jones is not suffering from such an extravagant delusion, after all; what he means is that the calamity shouters who sit around waiting for the government to make them rich are not prospering. His ideas of prosperity center in and revolve around them. Unless they can get cash to buy whisky and tobacco, while they gossip about the courthouse in regard to the country "going to ruin because the niggers won't work," Senator Jones imagines that the country is on the brink of ruin. They are the people to prosper, in his mind, and there is no prosperity unless they can loiter around and swap anecdotes, while they repeat every 15 minutes what the governor of North Carolina is reported to have said to the governor of South Carolina.

It is of no consequence, in his opinion, that the negro laborers who produce the cotton about which they were always gabbling are getting better wages than they ever got in their lives, and have clean shirts to wear on Sunday and are able to give their barefooted children shoes. It is of no consequence, in his opinion, that the great industries of the country are paying their employes the best wages they ever received, and that every man who is willing to work can get work with the best wages that the world has ever known to be paid. This part of the population cuts no figure in the estimation of Mr. Jones and his kind, much as they talk about "government by injunction" and the necessity of the politicians of labor having full and every opportunity to burn up property and murder and maltreat men who are willing and anxious to work. It is the calamity man who will not work, come what may, who must be thought of.—Richmond (W. Va.) Times.

TRUE PROSPERITY.

Facts and Figures Which Show How the Republican Policy Helps the People.

In March, of the present year, the American Protective Tariff league made an industrial census to show, in a measure, the gain in the number of men employed in various industries and the increase in the amount of wages paid. This report shows that, compared with March, 1895, there was in the 1,957 establishments reporting, a grain of 75,754 in the number of hands employed, or a gain of 39.56 per cent. for March, 1899, that there was a gain on the gross sum of wages paid of $3,461,235.58, this being 54.09 per cent. more than in March, 1895; and that, while in March, 1895, the average rate of wages per capita for the month was $33.36, the average wage rate per capita in March, 1899, had increased to $36.86, being a gain of 10.49 per cent. Had this census been extended so as to include the months of April and May, 1899, the months in which the heaviest and most general advances in wages occurred, the percentage of increase in the per capita wage rate would undoubtedly have been above 15 per cent.

Of course, if it had been possible to cover the entire country, the totals would have been far up in the millions. Even as it is, and restricted as it had to be, the comparison is startling. It shows that industrial activity has taken the place of the depression and dullness of the period of desolation that followed the free trade experiment of President Cleveland. Is it reasonable to imagine, then, that at this time any number of voters will, with their eyes open, refuse to indorse an administration whose beneficent legislation has made possible an era of prosperity scarcely second to any since the days of thrift that followed the war of the '60s?

In commenting upon the figures given above, the American Economist says: "Such is the story of protection and prosperity as affecting the American wage earner." Does anyone really believe that the voters of this country are going to run any chances at this time of endangering this prosperity by rebuking, even indirectly, the administration of President McKinley?—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Silver on Hand.

The number of standard silver dollars in existence at the beginning of November is reported by the treasury department at 483,122,376. On the 1st of June, 1898, the number was 461,180,422, so that 21,941,954 of them have been coined since June 1, 1898, pursuant to the provisions of the war revenue act of June 13, 1898. At the minimum allowed by the act, of 1,500,000 per month, the number will, in the course of the next 12 months, be augmented by 18,000,000, bringing the total up to $501,122,276. This, it will be observed, is under an administration and a secretary of the treasury opposed to free silver coinage, and it excites no alarm for the safety of the gold standard. A silverite administration could do but little more without new legislation, and fear of its being able to overthrow the gold standard is a delusion.—N. Y. Sun.

☞There is no comfort for the anti-expansionists and the "anti-imperialists" in the Philippine report.—Kansas City Journal.

"BURN THE VILLAGES."

Order Given by Aguinaldo to His Followers in the Island of Panay.

Manila, Nov. 16.—Gen. Hughes with parts of the Nineteenth and Twenty-sixth regiments moved from Iloilo on November 9 to Otton, six miles west, for the purpose of capturing Santa Barbara, the rebel stronghold ten miles north of Iloilo. Heavy rain preceded the movement and the roads were in places impassable. The same night Col. Carpenter with the Eighteenth regiment and Battery G of the Sixth artillery moved westerly from Jaro to connect with Gen. Hughes. Col. Carpenter was forced to return to Jaro on account of the roads and the entire movement was hampered by lack of proper transportation. Company C, of the Twenty-sixth regiment, had the only fighting. When three miles out of Jaro this company charged the rebel trenches and three of the enemy were killed. One American was wounded.

Gen Hughes on November 12 occupied Tagbanan and Guimbal on the southern coast and also Cordova in the interior. The enemy did not oppose Gen. Hughes' advance. Recent orders from Aguinaldo found in the trenches said: "Do not oppose the Americans' advance. Burn the villages as they are evacuated. Divide the forces into bands of 40. Harrass the Americans on every occasion."

Araneta, the rebel leader, of the island of Panay, was captured at Tagbanan while attempting to pass the lines into Iloilo. Two battalions will garrison Iloilo and Jaro. San Miguel, visible from Iloilo, has been burned by the rebels

FOUR FOUND GUILTY,

Defendants in the Famous "Corncob" Case are Convicted of Using the Mails to Defraud.

St. Louis, Nov. 16.—Four of the defendants in the celebrated "corncob case" were last night found guilty in the United States court of using the mails to defraud. The four men are Henry Ringbeck, E. W. Northstein, M. McElhaney and Arthur Miller. One of the defendants, William Ruff, had already pleaded guilty. No action has been taken in the cases of W. S. Daly and J. E. Wilhington, who were jointly indicted with the others named. Their testimony was of great value to the government and a nolle prosequi may be entered for them. The witnesses brought in by the government came from a dozen states, showing how widespread was the operation of the scheme to defraud.

It was the plan of the defendants, as shown by the testimony, to write to the mayor or postmaster of a town, telling him that a corncob pipe factory could be established for $1,000 and operated at small expense, while the profits were represented to be large. The men, whose headquarters were at Washington, Mo., would then offer to sell suitable machinery for $700 to $900. In each case where a factory was put in operation it was found next to impossible to dispose of the product, so overstocked was the market. The government alleged that the price asked for the machinery was so excessive as to be fraudulent and that the purpose of the defendants' letters was to cause an inordinate demand for machinery which could not be profitably used.

Bought 6,000 Acres of Ore Land.

Pittsburg, Nov. 16.—John W. Gates, of Chicago, president of the American Steel and Wire Co., and William Edeburn, of New York, yesterday closed negotiations with J. W. Dravo & Co., of this city, for the purchase of 6,000 acres of ore land for a new organization known as the United States Mining Co. The price for the property is $1,000,000. It lies on the border line between Alabama and Tennessee and is underlaid with a vein of iron ore. The United States Mining Co. is said to be a part of the American Steel and Wire Co., and its organization is believed to be another step of the combination towards independence from outside concerns.

A Judge Enjoined.

Louisille Ky., Nov. 16.—Judge Sterling R. Toney, whose mandamus issued on election day for the admission of Honest Election league inspectors to polling places caused the principal excitement of that day, was yesterday restrained by the appellate court at Frankfort from taking any further action in the contempt cases growing out of the order. On Tuesday 35 alleged violators of Judge Toney's orders were bound over by him in the sum of $500 each. Yesterday he was proceeding with the cases and had sentenced one prisoner to 50 hours in jail, when the order of the appellate court was received.

A Murder in a Court Room.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 16.—Fred Guion yesterday shot and killed James Miller, the shooting occurring in the office of Justice of the Peace Smith. Miller's head was blown off, his brains being scattered over the room. Guion then pointed the gun at Justice Smith. He was on the point of firing when Attorney Barta rushed towards him and knocked the muzzle of the gun towards the ceiling. The shot was fired and did no harm. Guion was then overpowered and turned over to the police. It is understood Smith and Miller had a business disagreement.

A Canal to be Sold.

Baltimore, Nov. 16.—Negotiations are pending for the sale of the Lake Drummond Canal and Water Co., which owns the Dismal Swamp canal. A New York syndicate is anxious to secure the property. The canal was surveyed by George Washington and was constructed early in the century. It was taken possession of by the government during the civil war, at the close of which it was returned to the owners in a dilapidated condition. The Lake Drummond Canal and Water Co. acquired the property and rehabilitated the waterway.

"The Best is Cheapest."

We learn this from experience in every department of life. Good clothes are most serviceable and wear the longest. Good food gives the best nutriment. Good medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is the best and cheapest, because it cures, absolutely CURES, when all others fail. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Perfect Confidence.

Perfect confidence is desirable between couples engaged to be married, but it is not always that the young woman has as fine an opportunity to establish it as did a Norristown belle, to whom a wealthy bachelor had been paying assiduous attention. After worrying her a good deal about how many young men had been in love with her, and how many she had been attached to, he asked her to marry him, adding:

"Now let there be perfect confidence between us. Keep nothing concealed from me."

"Certainly," replied the giddy girl; "let us have no concealments;" and, jumping up, she snatched the wig he wore from his head and danced around the room with it.—Philadelphia Record.

Jason Crow, Oscarville, Ga., Says:

"I feel it my duty to write and let you know what your medicine, '5 Drops,' has done for me. I have had rheumatism about 18 years, but was able to be up most of the time, until a year ago last May, when I was taken down and not able to move about. About six weeks ago I saw your advertisement and wrote for a sample bottle. After taking a few doses, it did me so much good that I ordered some more for myself and friends and in every case it has done wonders and given perfect satisfaction. Dr. Woodliff, my family physician, who has had rheumatism 15 years, is taking '5 Drops,' and says it is the most efficient rheumatic medicine he has ever used. May 31, 1899."

The above refers to "5 Drops," a perfect cure for rheumatism, kidney and all kindred complaints. The proprietors, Swanson Rheumatic Co., 164 Lake St., Chicago, offer to send a 25c. sample bottle for only 10c. during the next 30 days. Be sure to read their advertisement of last week.

Ayer's Pills

Is your breath bad? Then your best friends turn their heads aside. A bad breath means a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

"LINENE" Collars & Cuffs

Reversible

Stylish, convenient, economical; made of fine cloth, and finished in pure starch on both sides alike. Turn down collars are reversible and give double service.

REG. TRADE MARK

No Laundry Work.

When soiled discard. **Ten collars or five pairs of cuffs, 25c.** *By mail*, 30c. Send 6c. in stamps for sample collar or pair of cuffs. Name size and style.

REVERSIBLE COLLAR CO., Dept. 18, BOSTON

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UNEQUAL BATTLE

Boers Attack an Armored Train Near Estcourt.

SHELLED BY ARTILLERY.

The Train was Disabled at an Early Stage of the Fight.

NINETY BRITONS MISSING.

News Comes of Another Engagement at Ladysmith in Which the Boers Were Defeated—Rumor of Gen. Joubert's Death Is Discredited.

Estcourt, Natal, Nov. 17.—An armored train, having on board a half company of the Durban volunteers and a half company of the Dublin fusileers, steamed to Chieveley Tuesday morning. On its return it was shelled by the artillery of the Boers, placed in four positions. Two trucks in front of the engine left the rails, toppling over. While the train was thus helpless, the British troops faced the Boers in skirmishing order and the Boers poured shot and shell into the crippled train. The derailed wagons were with great difficulty removed and the line was cleared, when the engine and tender steamed back.

During this juncture, Lieut. Winston Churchill, of the Fourth hussars and son of the late Lord Randolph Churchill, displayed much courage, as also did the driver and fireman.

Seven of the Durbans have come in, making 23 missing. Only 15 of the Dublins have returned.

The naval 7-pounder, which was in front of the truck, had fired three shots when it was shattered by the Boer artillery.

The armored engine has many bullet marks and its dome cover is smashed, as also is its automatic exhaust-pipe and 25-ton screw jack. The tender is also pitted with bullet marks.

It is rumored that Lieut. Churchill is a prisoner.

Durban, Natal, Nov. 17.—The Natal Advertiser has a dispatch from Estcourt which says: "When part of the armored train was overturned by the Boers tearing up the rails, the British alighted and exchanged volleys with the Boers. The engine driver, when the rails were replaced, seeing the position was hopeless, steamed back to Estcourt with a few of the Dublins and 15 of the Durbans, including Capt. Wylie, who was wounded. The fate of the remainder of the Durbans and Dublins and Lieut. Churchill is unknown."

A missionary, a native but a reliable man, who has arrived at Estcourt from Ladysmith, reports that a big fight took place there on November 10. He says volunteers went out in the early morning and drew the enemy from its positions onto a flat, where the regular troops under Gen. White outmaneuvered it by outflanking the Boers, administering a crushing defeat and inflicting great loss.

More than 200 Kaffirs, the missionary says, were employed by the Boers to bury their dead and the two trains, each drawn by two engines, carried away the wounded.

London, Nov. 17.—Misfortune steadfastly pursues British employment of armored trains, the fascination for which has given the Boers their first and latest victories. On this last occasion the British seem to have walked into a deliberate trap, with the result that, according to the best accounts, 90 men are either killed, wounded or missing. Of these the fusileers claim 50 and the Durban infantry 40. It is believed that few escaped and others are prisoners in the hands of the Boers. Many of the wounded were brought back on the locomotive and tender of the armored train.

Capt. Haldane, of the Gordon Highlanders, was attached to the fusileers and other officers were with them. In time of trouble Lieut. Churchill proved himself more a soldier than a correspondent, and his gallantry is highly praised on all sides.

The rumor of the death of Gen. Joubert is discredited. It is understood that the war office has news that he is still directing affairs. It is also rumored from Pietermaritzburg that the Boer losses at Ladysmith on Thursday were heavy and included Gen. Lucas Meyer, who was either killed or wounded.

Lorenzo Marquez, Nov. 17.—A local newspaper reports that Ladysmith was subjected to a very heavy bombardment all day Tuesday and that at midnight all the cannons on the hills surrounding the town opened fire simultaneously, pouring shells from all points of the compass. Several buildings afire, the newspaper asserts, could be distinctly seen from Bulwana hill.

Will Make No Recommendations.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The president has decided to make no recommendation to congress at the approaching session touching the repeal of the legislation which has prevented the granting of any franchises in Cuba. The administration is convinced that much serious harm has been worked to the best interests of the islands by this legislation.

IN OTHER LANDS.

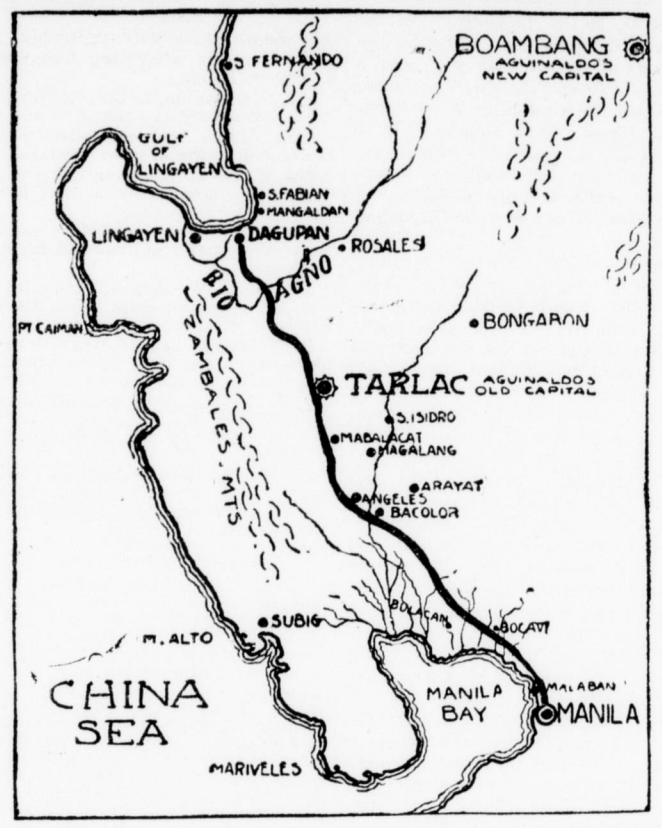
Parliament fixes freight rates in England.

Iceland ponies are fed in winter on fish heads.

France receives $970,000 a year from taxes on bicycles.

Over 1,200 scholars attended congress of orientalists held in Rome recently.

Norwegian statesmen are planning a system of national insurance to protect people incapacitated to earn a livelihood.



Map showing the territory covered in the operations of the American forces against the insurgents. Aguinaldo has been located on the road to Boambang, whither, it is presumed, the insurgents' capital will be removed. Gen. Wheaton's expedition landed at San Fabian and drove off the Filipinos after bombarding the town. The Americans also have taken Mabalacat, and forces are operating around Angeles.

THE WAR IN AFRICA.

Boers Bombard Ladysmith by Night and by Day—Gen. Buller's Plans are Evidently Changed.

London, Nov. 18.—The absence of news of any serious movement against Ladysmith seems to show that the Boers are repeating the strategy adopted by them at Dundee, when they appeared in front and endeavored to effect a surrounding movement. This seems to be their object regarding Estcourt, and since it is impossible that relief should reach there for some days to come, it is not unlikely that a further retiring movement on Mooi river will be made. Maj. Murray has returned to Pietermaritzburg to take command of the lines of communications and Col. Long, of the artillery, has taken command at Estcourt. The forces now at Pietermaritzburg are too weak to attempt to reopen communications. Artillery and cavalry especially are badly needed and it necessarily will take a very long time to obtain either, owing to the difficulty of training and the necessity of allowing horses to rest after the long sea voyage.

From the indiscriminate distribution of the various divisions at unexpected ponts it seems clear that the original plans of Gen. Buller have been wholly changed. Not the slightest word ragarding the new plans has been allowed to escape. It has been reported that the Belmont fight arose owing to the advance of a British column to relieve Kimberly, but this seems incorrect, all of the most reliable accounts representing the engagement as growing out of a reconnaissance. The announcement of the arrival of Gen. Methuen at Orange river, however, doubtless means that arrangements are in a forward state for an advance from that point, if the advance has not already begun.

Kimberly was safe on Friday. Last Tuesday a Boer force of 600 entered Aliwal North, Cape Colony, hoisted the flag of the Free State and declared the town and district to be part of the republic. The activity of the Boers in this locality would almost point to the necessity of insuring the safety of the column marching to the relief of Kimberly from attack from this direction, or from Bloemfontein.

Special dispatches from Pietermaritzburg and Lorenzo Marquez say that Ladysmith is bombarded night and day and hard pressed. On November 9, having during the night placed men close to the town, the Boers, after a heavy bombardment, began an assault, but were repulsed at every point with heavy losses. The Boers have destroyed one of the bridges over the Tugela river.

Fortune Came at Last.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18.—Maurice Meehan, an inmate of the Morgan county poorhouse, has fallen heir to $20,000 bequeathed to him by his son, William Meehan, who went to the Black Hills in 1879. Nothing has been heard of him until a few days ago, when it was ascertained that he had been killed by Indians last May. In addition to the $20,000 Maurice Meehan falls heir to his son's interest in three mining claims which are said to be valuable, and a large transportation company in Alaska.

Killed by a Sheriff.

Middlesboro, Ky., Nov. 18.—John M. Tate, former representative of Lee county, Va., was shot and killed Friday by Sheriff Bloodsoe, of the same county. Tate was a leading democratic politician and Bloodsoe a leader among the republicans. Trouble over politics led to the trouble.

Four Jurors Selected.

New York, Nov. 18.—The trial of Roland B. Molineaux was interrupted Friday by the sudden illness of one of the jurors, Daniel Fraad. Recorder Goff declared Mr. Fraad's seat in the jury box vacant. Two more jurors were accepted and there are now four in all.

Stretched Hemp.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Michael Rollinger, who murdered his wife last December and then set fire to the house in an endeavor to hide his crime, was hanged in the county jail Friday.

FEW ARE EXEMPT

A Decision as to the War Revenue Law.

POLICIES OF INSURANCE.

An Order Defining the Classes that Must Pay the Tax.

THE OLD LINE COMPANIES.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Rules that Policies Issued by These Organizations Shall Pay, but Fraternal Societies' Policies are Not Liable.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Commissioner Wilson, of the internal revenue bureau, has rendered an important decision in which he holds in effect that the policies of life insurance companies which are exempt from taxation under the war revenue act are only such as are issued by fraternal societies or orders; beneficiary societies or orders; farmers' purely local cooperative companies or associations, and employes' relief associations operated on the lodge system or cooperative plan, and that the exemption does not apply to the policies of life insurance issued by mutual insurance companies per se, although they may have features of mutuality. A further restriction imposed by law on the exempted companies is that they shall not be "conducted for profit."

The commissioner says in part: "I am of the opinion that it was the intention of congress to exempt from taxation policies of life insurance issued by fraternal societies or orders, and beneficary societies or orders which are operated on plans similar to the lodge or ritualistic form.

"It surely cannot be said that a mutual life insurance company is a fraternal society or order; nor can it be said that a mutual life insurance company is a beneficiary society or order, although fraternal and beneficiary societies may be mutual.

"This office holds that all insurance companies that are doing business on the old line or fixed premium plan, where policies are issued for a given, definite, fixed or stated premium payable or capable of being estimated in advance, in so far as determining the question of taxation on their policies is concerned are organized and conducted for profit, whether the premium is paid by assessment or not. The association when it collects a premium under this plan undertakes to carry a risk for the price fixed and agreed upon with the insured, and this amount must be paid, no matter what it actually costs the association to carry the risk.

"The other class of companies do a business on the assessment plan which is a sum specifically levied upon a fixed and definite plan within the limit of the company's or society's fundamental law or organization, to pay losses or losses and expenses incurred.

"An association within the exempted classes which is organized and does business on the plan of levying a sum upon its members to pay losses, or losses and expenses incurred, is prima facie not doing business for profit. This is the case where the assessments are made to provide for the payment of losses as they occur.

"Companies that make assessments based upon fixed premiums, to be collected at regular intervals, without regard to whether or not a loss actually occurs, are companies that are, in the opinion of this office, prima facie conducted for profit."

A Battle in the Street.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—A pitched battle occurred Friday between a number of Italians on Clark street, in which two men, Carmin Scalizo and George Latisto, were probably fatally shot and several others badly injured.

SWIFT CAVALRYMEN.

Their Rapid Advance Surprises Filipinos—Much Property Captured—Maj. Logan is Buried at Manila.

Manila, Nov. 17.—Reports have been received here from Gen. Young, dated at Humingam on Wednesday. Humingam is about 30 miles east of San Fabian. Young is supposed to have advanced considerably farther toward San Fabian. A correspondent telegraphs an account of the rapid pace with which Gen. Young covered the road with his cavalry. The Macabebe scouts completely surprised and demoralized the insurgents around the low country. A messenger and reinforcements which were captured say no town from San Jose to San Nicolas expected the arrival of the Americans until a day or two after they actually arrived.

Lieut. Johnston with Troop M, Third cavalry, captured at San Nicolas 12 barrels containing the wardrobe of Aguinaldo's wife, some personal effects, the records of the secretary of war and much commissary and medical supplies. Senora Aguinaldo probably escaped over the divide, but the secretary of war is thought to be inside the lines.

Thomas W. Hayes, a civilian, and Calvin S. Davis, of the Sixteenth infantry, who are held prisoners by the insurgents, have been rescued. Col. Wessels captured at Tayug several hundred thousand pounds of rice, 7,500 pounds of salt, 5,500 pounds of flour marked "Dayton, O.," 2,500 pounds of sugar, 1,300 new uniforms and hundreds of thousands of Mauser shells.

The names of Lieut. Gilmore and seven of his men were found written on the walls of the convent of San Quintin. The garrisons of all the towns surprised resisted feebly. Gen. Wheaton has not yet appeared.

The remains of Maj. John A. Logan, killed in action at San Jacinto, were buried in Paco cemetery Thursday morning. Many persons followed the body to the grave. Chaplain Pierce officiated, and the Twentieth infantry furnished the escort. The pall-bearers were the captains of the Twentieth infantry.

SOUNDS A WARNING NOTE.

Capt. Lowe, U. S. N., Says We Need 50 Submarine Torpedo Boats.

New York, Nov. 17.—The official reports on the Holland boat from John Lowe, captain United States navy, and the board of inspection and survey, of which the president is Rear Admiral Rodgers, were made public Thursday. Both reports agree that the trials have been successful in almost every particular.

Capt. Lowe concludes his technical report as follows: "I report my belief that the Holland is a successful and veritable submarine torpedo boat, capable of making a veritable attack upon an enemy unseen and undetectable, and therefore she is an engine of warfare of terrible potency, which the government must necessarily adopt into the service."

Of his personal observations he says: "Concerning the worse than uselessness of the present above water torpedo system, the need for a deliverance from its absurdities and from the fools' paradise of its false security and instead thereof the absolute need of a real torpedo system such as the submarine system, I have already reported.

"An eight days' dash across the Atlantic would bring the enemy's ships to Montauk Point, where they would encounter the American fleet, which, being destroyed by force of numbers, the remainder of the enemy's ships could pass on and anchor in Long Island sound in perfect security and very shortly Long Island would become a foreign possession. Do not consider this scheme a fanciful one. It is not original to my mind. So many have spoken of it that I am satisfied it has been considered and digested in foreign councils and is part of their programme. There are at least two nations which can do this single handed. We need right now 50 submarine torpedo vessels in Long Island sound to preserve the peace and to give potency to our diplomacy."

DARING ROBBERS.

The Whiteman Gang Appear in Court—Two of Its Members Remanded to the Tombs.

New York Nov. 17.—Alonzo J. Whiteman, Frank Edmunds, John Thompson and Robert J. Knox, the alleged draft swindlers who were taken into custody here on Monday night last, were all arraigned yesterday. A telegram was read from the chief of police of Chicago asking that Whiteman, who is wanted there, be held until an officer now on his way arrives here with the documents for his extradition to Chicago. Knox is wanted at Pittsburg, where he succeeded in passing forged checks aggregating thousands of dollars. Thompson was turned over to Brooklyn detectives who had a warrant charging him with the larceny of $200 through false representation from the Brooklyn Trust Co. Edmunds, against whom no specific charge had been presented was discharged and Whiteman and Knox were committed to the Tombs pending the arrival here of requisition papers.

Mining Engineers Strike.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 17.—The mining engineers employed in the Brazil district went on strike Thursday to enforce a demand for an advance in wages from $50 to $75 per month. The operators offered to compromise by making the scale effective April 1, but this was not satisfactory to the men and they refused to work. All the mines are idle, and 3,000 men are out of employment.

Sensational Disclosures Expected.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Sensational disclosures are expected to follow the investigation of charges of alleged bucket shop operations on the part of prominent board of trade firms now being conducted, and it is stated that the arrest and withdrawal from trading by McLain Bros. will be followed in a day or two by the withdrawal of another prominent firm. As a result of the disclosures of bucket shop operations already made it is stated that the next grand jury, which convenes Monday, will undertake an investigation on an extensive scale.

BETTER THAN A GOLD MINE.

Profits of the Tin Plate Cimbine are Enormous—Competition Stifled—Eighty Mills Closed.

Washington, Nov. 17.—William H. Griffith, a tin plate maker of Washington, Pa., was before the industrial commission Thursday. He told the commission that his company, which has since disposed of its plant, cleared 20 per cent. profit last year when the price of tin was $2.60 per box, the lowest ever known for plate. He also said that just previous to the passage of the McKinley bill and for a year or so afterwards when the price was $2.65, the profit was fully 100 per cent. He said that while his company had sold its plant to the trust the transaction had been without his sanction and that he had since undertaken the establishment of an independent plant, also located at Washington, Pa., which he soon would have in operation. The sale of the old plant had been made under the representation that the consolidation was necessary to prevent competition, and there had been a fear that if they did not go into the pool their business would be injured.

In re-establishing himself he had found that he was hampered in securing machinery, the American company having control of the makers of tin plate machinery, as well as of the manufacture of plate itself. He said that a manufacturing company which had entered into an agreement with him to supply him for five years, had already refused to fill an order after an official of the trust had become a large owner of the stock of that company. The restrictions also extended to the independent manufacturers of sheet iron, the American company refusing to sell to them except upon the stipulation that they should not sell their product to makers of tin plate. Furthermore the combination refused to supply jobbers and others with their especial brands except upon condition that they assign their brands to the trust. There was a similar restriction upon block plate and half the "dippers" in the country had been forced out of business.

He thought the managers of some of the different plants in the trust were growing restless under these restrictions, as they were not running nearly as steadily as before the combination was effected. Of the 272 mills in the combine 80 had been closed.

Mr. Griffith said that since the trust had been organized prices of tin plate had advanced from $2.60 to $4.65 per hundred. This advance was out of proportion to the advance in wages and raw material. He made a calculation to show that $3.84 would be a profitable price under present conditions. However, he said that notwithstanding this advance in prices he had reason to believe some of the members of the combination were woefully disappointed in the results. He also understood that the employes in the trust mills were becoming apprehensive, which he thought was illustrated by the fact that of the 800 rollers employed by the combination 150 had made application to him for places in his establishment.

Mr. Griffin said that while the American company was capitalized for $50,000,000 the plants comprising the combination could have been bought at the time the combination was effected for $12,000,000. He therefore considered the company overcapitalized. He had understood that the promoters of the combination had received $10,000,000 in common stock for their services. The standard price paid for mills in forming the trust was $40,000 each. His own company had received an advance of 25 per cent upon cash valuation.

The witness said he considered the tariff essential to the protection of the tin plate industry in this country, but he would not say that so high a tariff as the present was necessary.

THE KENTUCKY MUDDLE.

Gov. Bradley Keeps Politicians Guessing as to What He Will Do If Goebel Is Declared Elected.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 17.—Gov. Bradley has the members of both parties guessing what hand he will take in the event of a collision between Goebel and Taylor over the governorship. Bradley's close friends say he will not recognize Goebel as governor if the state board goes behind the original returns in order to obtain for him a certificate of election. The governor will not talk, but, as he is in conference with Adjt. Gen. Collier almost constantly, rumors of this kind are worrying the democratic leaders. No governor will be inaugurated December 12, the date prescribed by law.

Secretary of State Finley has received official returns from 50 counties and is tabulating them for the state election board. Candidates for minor state offices on both tickets fear that the returns may show the head of one ticket elected, with candidates on the other ticket faring likewise. While Goebel carries Campbell county, Burke, rep., for superintendent of public instruction, carries the same by over 1,000. Goebel managers assert that the whole Goebel ticket will win.

Taylor's friends have begun a quiet canvass of the members of the legislature, sounding them as to how they would vote on the contest if the state election board should throw out Knox, Johnson or Pulaski counties and also 1,100 votes cast in Nelson for W. P. instead of W. S. Taylor. It is said four democratic members of the house and at least six democratic senators have been found, so far, who will not vote to seat Goebel. This movement on Taylor's side is construed to indicate the opinion that Goebel will be given a certificate of election from the state board.

Propose to Test the Law.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—The Illinois Manufacturers' association yesterday directed its counsel to take steps to test constitutionality of the Illinois anti-trust affidavit statute. This action is taken not because the members of the association are connected with trusts, but because the affidavit contained in the statute is so broad that to comply with it is to make a false oath. Many corporations have refused to comply with the law and against them, if they are found guilty, penalties at the rate of $50 a day for over six years have been running.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, *President.*

88-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE

—IN—

EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES, BRANDIES GINS AND WINES,

BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.

Choice line of

Bottled Goods.

IN addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Pool and Billiard Room in same building. Call and see me.

A. A. McDONALD,

PROPRIETOR, EMPORIUM, PA.

F. X. BLUMLE,

EMPORIUM, PA.

Bottler of and Dealer in

BEER, WINES, WHISKIES,

And Liquors of All Kinds.

The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.

Especial Attention Paid to Mail Orders.

EMPORIUM, PA.

GO TO

J. A. Kinsler's,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.,

Where you can get anything you want in the line of

Groceries, Provisions,

FLOUR, SALT MEATS, SMOKED MEATS, CANNED GOODS, ETC.,

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

Goods Delivered Free any Place in Town.

CALL AND SEE ME AND GET PRICES.

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Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.

Bottler and Shipper of

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BEST BRANDS OF EXPORT.

The Manufacturer of Soft Drinks and Dealer in Choice Wines and Pure Liquors.

We keep none but the very best Beer and are prepared to fill Orders on short notice. Private families served daily if desired.

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Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

POINTED COMMENT.

To date, the situation in Kentucky seems to be "hands off your guns, gentlemen."

***

We may expect Mr. Bryan to make another analysis of the election results after the capture of Aguinaldo.

***

If we are not mistaken in the man, Mr. Goebel may yet fall back on the Senatorship as a consolation prize.

***

In about three weeks President McKinley, as Mr. Cleveland cynically expressed it, will have "Congress on his hands."

***

So long as the Kentucky situation is as bad as it is, it would be highly inconsistent for us to poke fun at the South American revolutionists.

***

It has been noticed that the Maryland Democrats have refrained from mentioning the Chicago platform or "our peerless leader" in their jollification meetings.

***

From the fact that the Democratic editors and orators have suddenly shown admiration for the Hon. John Sherman, we infer that the "crime of 1873" has been condoned.

***

Colonel Watterson and the Courier-Journal are having a hard time these days. Between Goebel and Bryan it is likely that the Colonel would prefer to take to the woods.

***

It was quite natural that the success of the Republican cause in Ohio should result in renewed demand for the retirement of Mr. Hanna by the Democratic newspapers.

***

Attorney General Griggs, when approached with the offer of a Vice Presidential nomination, said: "No thank you, a robe and a seat on the Supreme Bench would just about suit me."

***

Aguinaldo has shown himself to be a sprinter of no mean abilities, and after the war is over, our Post Office Department should provide "Aggie" with an appointment in the rural free delivery service.

***

New York State is to have a state constabulary in charge of the police in its cities, the head of which is to be appointed by Governor Roosevelt. How the Tammany Tiger must be lashing his tail.

***

After Mr. Bryan has recovered sufficiently from his efforts in the Nebraska campaign, he may find it desirable to visit New York state again. His party in the many-times-pivotal state is sadly in need of vitalizing energy.

***

Almost ten days have elapsed since election, but Hon. C. Schurz or Hon. Blush Mason have failed to enlighten the expectant Nation as to whether it was a storm or just a shower that overtook the Aunties.

***

Secretary Gage seems to be the right man in the right place. In his annual report the Secretary will recommend the distinct enactment of the gold standard, and will advocate as inseparable thereto the need of providing an adequate method of maintaining it.

***

It is reported, but not as yet confirmed, that among the improvements at the north end of the Capitol at Washington will be a blushery for the exclusive use of the Honorable Mr. Mason, of Illinois, and the Honorable R. P. Pettigrew, of South Dakota.

***

The resignation of the New York Evening Post and the New York World to the fate which the people have thrust upon themselves, has about as much consolation as the perfunctory blessing of the condemning judge when he says: "And may the Lord have mercy upon your soul."

***

It is said that Richard Croker will spend the winter in England, where he can once more hob-nob with his Royal Highness, Albert Edward, and incidentally recuperate his bank account by judicious investments in racing pools. These Tiger victories in Gotham come high, but Croker needs them in his business.

"Like father, like son," is certainly exemplified in the heroic military career of Major John A. Logan. His death, while gallantly leading his battallian in the Philippines, brings sorrow to a wide circle, and heartfelt sympathy will be extended the widow of the gallant Union General, who, by the death of her son, is left without a male relative.

American capital is being rapidly invested in the islands which have of late come under the control of the United States Government. The business men of the country realize that we have to send abroad $250,000,000 a year for tropical products, and think they might as well get their share of the profits from the production of these articles, every dollar's worth of which can be grown in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, and thus keep this vast sum of money within our own borders instead of distributing it to the outside world every year.

Low-tariff advocates who are fond of reiterating the threadbare assertion that protection destroys our markets abroad should take a look at the figures of our foreign commerce for the month of October and compare them with the good old low-tariff days under the Wilson law. The October exports in 1899 were $126,764,786, while in 1894, the first October after the enactment of the Wilson law they were $83,653,121, and in 1895 $87,090,972. For the twelve months ending with October 1899, they were $1,296,890,845, against $809,849,289 in the twelve months ending with October, 1895, under Wilson law.

The old soldiers of the war of 1861-5 have no patience with the fault-finders in the so-called Democratic party to-day. General Dan Sickles, who was in Washington the other day, said:

"I have always been a Democrat and always expect to be one, but Bryanism is not the faith of the old-time leaders of the party. I would scorn myself were I to pretend to endorse such principles as were embodied in the Chicago platform, which has already nearly made shipwreck of the Democratic party; and if put forward again, will be more overwhelmingly crushing than in 1896."

Secretary Gage's proposition to redeem $25,000,000 worth of the outstanding bonds of the United States not yet due the purpose being to put into circulation a part of the surplus now in the Treasury, will probably bring the total money in circulation in the United States to the two billion dollar line. The total money in circulation on Nov. 1st was $1,963,716,148, and the great excess of exports over imports is constantly bringing money into the country from abroad, so that it seems almost certain that the two billion dollar line in our circulation will be reached very soon, thus increasing the total circulation 33 per cent. since the nomination of Bryan—and all this without the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

About the last of the industries to recover from the depression caused by low tariff and Democratic rule is that of woolen manufactures. The enormous importations of woolen goods under the Wilson low tariff paralyzed the manufactures of woolen goods within the United States, and it is only during the last few months that they have fully recovered from the depression due to the enormous stock in the country when the Dingley law was passed. Now, however, the woolen mills of the country are running on full time, and in many cases overtime. Demand for American wool is increasing, and the last American industries to feel the effect of Republican protection is gratefully acknowledging its benefits.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.

v31-n2-1y

Give the Schley Business a Rest.

Rear Admiral Schley hoisted his flag on the cruiser Chicago yesterday and assumed command of the South Atlantic squadron. When he has sailed away to his new post of duty it is most sincerely to be hoped that the end will come to the Sampson-Schley controversy. Schley has said that there was glory enough in the naval battle off Santiago for everybody, and so there was. Let it rest there with the sailing of the squadron. History will determine and fix the credit, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

When that history is written it will record:

Of Sampson, that he was in command; that he planned the fight; that it was conducted according to his plans, that while he was absent when the Spanish fleet came out, he rapidly approached, ran the fire of the forts and was present at the finish. While he did not actually participate, it was his genius that produced the results.

Of Schley, that his movements preliminary to the blockade of Santiago were such as to bring upon him the condemnation of the Navy Department and naval officers. He was in the fight, however, and because he did participate the official records have not been laid up against him. He deserves the same credit that is due captains of the various warships. He has his full reward.

History will further record that Captain Clark, of the Oregon, should have been awarded the stars of a rear admiral. He was the forcible man who stood out in bold relief. He made the famous cruise around Cape Horn, with his vessel stripped for action all along the Brazillian coast and with his men sleeping by their guns, ready for a moment's notice to engage the entire Spanish fleet. With the heroism of Clark that of Schley is not to be mentioned. The Oregon after that voyage, that required both nerve and bravery; was in the fight from beginning to end. We cannot compare Clark and Schley, for Clark's record is as bright as the unclouded sun in the heavens.

History, too, will award Wainwright, who fought the torpedo boats with nothing more formidable than a steam yacht, a special niche in the gallery of heroes.

Yes, there was honor enough for all, and it will be well if matters are allowed to rest.

TERSE TOPICS FROM NATION'S CAPITOL.

McKinley and Next Speaker of the House in Hearty Accord on the Leading Questions--Contracts Let for Six New Cruisers.

President McKinley and Speaker-to-be Henderson are the closest of friends, personally as well as politically, and the first thing Col. Henderson did after his arrival in Washinnton, for the session of Congress, was to call at the White House and hold a long conference with the President on the work that is expected to be accomplished at this session. This personal harmony between the President and the man who will preside over the House, augurs well for the country and for the Republican party; it means that the executive and legislative branches of the government are to work together much smoother than they did in the last Congress. The President and Mr. Reed were never the slightest bit unfriendly in their personal relations, but there were several important questions of party policy on which they were not only in accord, but were actually antagonistic in their opinions. This naturally led to embarassment, and in some cases to the failure altogether of legislation which the President would not attempt to push because of Mr. Reed's opposition would give the Democrats an opportunity to say that the party in the House was divided into factions, led by himself and Mr. Reed. In the coming Congress, the President and the Speaker of the House will work together in all things, and the result is bound to be beneficial both to the country and to the party.

Col. Henderson can hardly be said to have opened headquarters, since his unanimous nomination to be Speaker by the Republican caucus, was assured many months ago, but he is in his office daily and is glad to have members of the House call and talk to him about their committee assignments. There will be nothing even remotely resembling a shake-up among the old chairmen of the House—except in cases where they express a wish for a change, they are likely to get their old places—but there are several important chairmanships vacant. For instance, that of the Committee on the Juniciaay which was filled by Col. Henderson in the last House, and that of the Committee on Banking and Currency, held Mr. Joseph Walker, of Massachusetts, who was not a candidate for re-election to the present house. Whether the ranking Republicans on those Committees will be made chairmen or new men put at their heads, is a question that Col. Henderson will decide, and he declines to say publicly one word about either the Committees or the work of Congress, saying that he prefers acts to do his talking. There is some talk about a change in the House rules, but the confidence of members of the House in Col. Henderson is so great that it is perfectly safe to say that his wishes will be allowed to govern the matter entirely, and that any changes made will be upon his suggestions.

The Board which has been considering the bids recently submitted to the Navy Department for the construction of six armored cruisers provided for by the last Congress, has recommended that each of the following firms shall be awarded a contract to build one cruiser: Union Iron Works San Francisco; Lewis Nixon (Crescent Ship-Building Works), Elizabethport, New Jersey; Bath Iron Works, Bath, Me., Trigg Ship-Building Company, Richmond, Va.; Fore River Engine Company, Braintree, Mass., and Neafie & Neuy, Philadelphia, Pa. The recommendations must be acted upon by Secretary Long, before it becomes effective, but there is no doubt of its approval. The price tor each cruiser, exclusive of armor, slightly exceeds one million dollars.

Owing to the large Republican majority in the Senate of the Congress about to assemble, the Senate Committees will be changed so as to give the Republicans nine of those having thirteen members and seven of those having eleven. This will make the Finance Committee anti-silver for the first time in years, and will insure the prompt reporting of any financial bill that the Republican leaders may wish to pass. This will be a fair apportionment of the committee memberships, as the Republicans will have fifty-one Senators, without taking account of the four vacancies—one each from California, Delaware, Pennsylvania and Utah—if Senator Hayward, of Neb., lives, and fifty if he dies and is succeeded by a dem-pop, while there are only thirty-five Senators—twenty-eight Democrats and seven Populists or Silver Republicans—on the opposition side. It will not cause any silver Senator to be removed from the Finance Committee, as there are two vacancies left by the retirement of White and Turpie; these will simply be filled by Republicans which will make the committee stand seven gold to six silver men.

Boss Gorman is again in the saddle in Maryland. This was fully shown at a secret conference, held at Gorman's Washington residence, at which Gov.-elect Smith was instructed by Gorman just how to dispose of the state patronage of the Gorman machine.

Representative Curtis, of Kansas, said emphatically: "Kansas will give McKinley not less than 35,000 majority over Bryan in 1900. I know how strong the President is in our State and over the west generally, and how thoroughly in accord with his views our people are."

POPULAR ROUTE.—When going to Bradford, Butler, Pittsburg, Buffalo or Rochester, take the elegant new vestibuled express via the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Ry. This train runs every day in the year to above points without change and is composed of cafe and reclining chair car, standard high back seat day coaches and express and baggage cars and is equipped with every modern appliance conserving comfort and safety. There is no extra charge to ride on this train.

For tickets, time tables and other information, call on or address the nearest agent of the company or Edward C. Lapey, General Passenger Agent, Rochester, N. Y. 38-2t

No Right to Ugliness.

The woman who is lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends, but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. It she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric Bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good-looking, charming woman of a run down man or woman. Only 50 cents. Sold by L. Taggart, Druggist; guaranteed.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

To Los Angeles and Southern California.

Every Friday night, at 10.35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for Los Angeles and Southern California, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City, for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

In addition to the regular Pullman porter, each car is accompanied by an intelligent, competent and courteous "courier," who will attend to the wants of passengers en route. This is an entirely new feature of tourist car service, and will be appreciated by families or by ladies traveling alone. Particular attention is paid to the care of children, who usually get weary on a long journey.

These tourist cars are sleeping cars supplied with all the accessories necessary to make the journey comfortable and pleasant, and the berth rate (each berth will accommodate two persons) is only $6.00 from Chicago to California. Ask the nearest ticket agent for a tourist car folder, or address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, 300 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 35-6t-alt.

Cameron.

Dr. Smith was in town on Sunday.

Nye Chapman, of Sterling Run, was in town on Sunday.

L. K. Huntington, of Emporium was in town Wednesday.

John Wallace, Supt. of the lath mill, at Dents Run, was in town Sunday.

The K. G. E. members will give a dance and oyster supper in their hall Nov. 30.

Miss Maggie Sullivan is the guest of her parents, Dan'l Sullivan and family this week.

Mrs. Geo. Wykoff, of Emporium, was the guest of Isaac Wykoff and family on Saturday.

E. C. Council, one of Dents Run's prominent store keepers was circulating among friends in town Sunday.

M. L. McConnell moved his household goods to Ridgway, where he is now employed by the P. & E. R. R. Company.

Co. X, Blowville volunteers, were seen on our streets Friday. They formed a company front at the arrival of Erie mail.

Sinnemahoning Liars Club.

The Liars Club failed to hold a session last week. The members seem to have lost interest in the club since the election, and we were unable to get a quorum. Pap Blodget, Pap Berfield and C. W. Beldin held a short session in the post-office. Tonny Snyder got on his ear and put the three out. He has been edgewise since election and lays his defeat to the Emporium Club, for not supporting the ticket. Joe Logue has been at work for six days; this being the first time such a thing has happened in years. John Logue sprung a good one to-day, but the club was not in session, so nothing was recorded. Your scribe has just finished a hearty supper, composed of bear steak, which accounts for such crooked writing. George Hoover, one of our members, has killed four bears this season, one being a monster, weighing about 400 pounds. I presume Dalrymple and Wm. McDonald have the market at Emporium stocked by this time.

Something has happened one of our members. I think his best girl has gone back on him, as he has his head shaved. Grundy Logue is piling wood, so he cannot attend the club. John Johnson is a citizen now and says he won't tell any more whoppers. The big mill is running now, and the club will hold no more sessions until snow comes. Every member has lied out and will have to wait for new members. Hanscom has reformed since election. Harve Smith and Norman Johnson claim superiority over the other, and Ike Bowen will knock them off their pins, should they happen to meet him. Martin Bowen expects to ride the goat the first time he comes to town. M. J. Logue will accompany him in his perilous ride.

FIDE.

Geo. Noland, Rockland, O., says, "My wife had piles forty years. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Lucretia T. Edgecomb, Deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the Estate of Lucretia T. Edgecomb, late of Emporium borough, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, have been granted to Henry Edgecomb, residing in said Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

HENRY EDGECOMB, Executor.

B. W. GREEN,
C. W. SHAFFER,
Solicitors for Executor.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 4th, 1899.—37-6t

DON'T SPECULATE

Until you hear my plans. I am formulating syndicates of ten, which will be operated on my own system. Send two cent stamp for my booklet; "Scalping in Wall St."

COLGATE FALES & CO.,
60 Broadway, New York.
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Keeley Cure
Cures Drug Users.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE,
4246 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.
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Collarrettes,
Winter Hosiery,
Winter Underwear,
Ladies Wrappers.

New and beautiful line of

China and Glassware.

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No Cheap Trash, but we sell at low prices.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

—AT—

H. C. OLMSTED

STORE.

We are stocking up the store with new and seasonable goods.

An elegant assortment of Ladies Capes and Jackets, on which we can save you money.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES and
MITTENS,
MEN'S, BOYS', GIRLS and CHILDREN'S
HATS and CAPS.

We also have a good assortment of the Assigned stock, which we are closing at great bargains.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
ASSIGNEE.

THE PEOPLE'S
CLOTHING HOUSE,

Metzger Block, Opp. Post-office,

Is giving away a SHOE POLISHING STAND to each and every purchaser of $15.00 worth of goods from our store.

The latest styles in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

The popular shapes in HATS and CAPS, including the stylish "Broadway Special" and "Electric City Special." Call and see these popular hats. None more stylish in the country. We are the exclusive agents for these celebrated hats, in Cameron county.

Our Prices are Right

Jasper Harris,

PROPRIETOR,

EMPORIUM, PA.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..
FORTIFY.

Fortify yourself against the rough and changeable weather which is sure to come in the near future. Don't expect too much of nature. Nature is all right but needs assistance occasionally; by the use of pure, fresh drugs, properly compounded, (not a mere mixing).

An occasional dose of Dodson's Pink Tonic Liver Pills is just what you need. Try them.

R. C. DODSON.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 21, 1899.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye, "	55
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	95
Chop Feed, "	95
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 00
Corn, per bushel,	53
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

"Oh ! Rose, Sweet Rose."

I said to the rose, "Oh ! rose, sweet rose,
Will you lie on my heart to-night;
Will you nestle there with your perfume rare
And your petals pure and white ?"

I said to the rose, "Oh ! rose, sweet rose,
Will you thrill to my every sigh,
Tho' your life exhale in the morning pale
And you wither and fade and die ?"

I said to the rose, "Oh ! rose, sweet rose,
Will you throb with my every breath;
Will you give me the bliss of the passionate kiss,
Albeit the end is death ?"

The white rose lifted her stately head
And answered me fair and true :
"I am happy and blest to lie on your breast
For the woman who gave me to you."
—*Senator Thurston.*

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

Mel Nichols, of Renovo, was in town on Monday.

"Blinky" Morgan, the Broad street barber, is on the sick list.

One of T. W. Welch's children is seriously ill with scarlet fever.

Geo. H. Crawford left Tuesday evening on a business visit to Boston.

Luke Connors, of Kane, a former Emporium boy, was in town on Monday.

Richard H. Hirsch left for Buffalo on Wednesday morning to buy Holiday goods.

John Collins was called to Adison, N. Y., on Friday, by the death of a cousin.

The dance given by Mr. Jasper Harris, Friday evening, was a very pleasant affair.

Harry Moore, of Keating Summit, was the guest of his brother Richard, on Monday last.

Josiah Howard and B. W. Green are transacting business at Appomatox Court House, Va.

Miss Lizzie Ludlum left yesterday on an extended visit to Philadelphia, where she will be the guest of H. A. Cox and wife.

Mrs. Vosage and her son, L. C., of Ashland, Pa., who have been guests of their daughter and sister, Mrs. Fred Julian, at this place, returned home to-day.

Mrs. E. C. Day and Mrs. Kate Lilly, of Buffalo, were guests of W. B. Thompson and family over Sunday. They were enroute to St. Marys to have the remains of their mother, Mrs. I. Morro, removed to Buffalo, where their father was recently burried.

John H. E. Bush and Ira P. Bush, of Lancaster county, are visiting ex-County Treasurer W. L. Thomas and family, on Whittemore Hill. They are enjoying the sport of hunting pheasants.

W. R. Johnson, who returned from Philadelphia on Friday, informs us that his wife, who is under treatment for tumor at the University Hospital, was delivered of a child on Saturday. It's a boy. Mrs. Johnson will be obliged to remain there some time before an operation can be made for the removal of the tumor.

J. W. Clark and Thos. Davins visited Olean last Monday.

Prof. Suhrie, of St. Marys, visited in Emporium last Sunday.

William McDonald returned with another big deer last Monday.

C. A. Van Lew has completed his log contract and returned to Emporium.

We are pleased to announce that Geo. W. Bupp is improving, although slowly.

Frank Housler, son of Alton Housler, is confined to the house quite ill, threatened with scarlet fever. He is improving.

Miss Maggie Creighton, of Buffalo, is visiting her relatives and friends in Emporium, guest of Michael Creighton and family.

Mrs. W. E. Sturdevant, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. G. Schmidt, leaves to-morrow for her home at Silvara, Pa.

Miss Mattie M. Collins, our energetic Supt. of schools, was in Emporium on Saturday and honored the PRESS with a business call.

Wm. H. Cramer, a prominent contractor and builder, of this place, left on No. 4, last night, on a business trip to Philadelphia.

Miss Abby Metzger and Esquire Day, of Emporium, spent Sunday with friends and relatives in Galeton.—Galeton Dispatch.

Ex-Sheriff A. M. Hamilton arrived in Emporium yesterday, from North Dakota, where he has resided since leaving Emporium.

Mrs. D. H. Lamb, of Galeton, is guest of her friend, Miss Florence Olmsted, and will remain until after the wedding next Tuesday.

Miss Zula Edkin, of Hugesville, is the guest of Mrs. M. A. Rockwell. Her father is a red-hot Republican and once served as Sheriff of Sullivan county.

Alex. McDougall returned on Tuesday from Philadelphia, where he made extensive purchases for his Fourth street store. He is well pleased with his visit.

H. W. Graham has opened a barber shop at Ridgway. Our Ridgway friends will find Mr. Graham a good workman, as well as an upright, honest gentleman.

County Commissioners Clerk Franklin Housler has been confined to his bed for several days and is seriously ill. This morning Mr. Housler is considerably better.

Mrs. Frank Beers, of Bellefonte, arrived in Emporium on Tuesday and will remain here until after the wedding of her sister, to Mr. C. Jay Goodnough.

Ex-County Commissioner John A. Wykoff, of Grove was in Emporium on Tuesday, transacting business and found time to visit the PRESS. We are always pleased to meet our old friend.

Frank Shives, one of our oldest and most responsible business men took time to pay us a visit yesterday. He will talk to the public next issue.

Yesterday, at his office, Justice Dwinnells united in marriage, Miss Pearl C. Avery, of Ridgway, and Mr. Maurice E. Meagher, of St. Marys, Pa.—Olean Times, 17th inst.

Died.

William Knickerbocker, who has been an invalid for several years, died this p. m. at 2 o'clock, aged 66 years. The funeral will be held on Saturday at 2 o'clock, from the family residence.

Opera House, One Night Only. Friday, Nov. 24th, 1899.

The American favorite, Agnes Wallace Villa, in her greatest play, "The World Against Her." Songs, dances, heart thrills. Fifteen competent people, two lovely children, four comedians. Prices: General admission, 35 cents. Children, 25 cents. Reserved seats, 50 cents.

Secure your seats in advance and be sure of a good seat. At H. S. Lloyd's Book Store.

Busy Manufacturers.

The manufacturers, in the opinion of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, are about the busiest people in the United States at the present time. Mr. Austin, the chief of the bureau, has just returned from a visit to the manufacturing centres of New England and the Middle States, and if their condition is an example or that of the manufacturers of the country generally, as it presumably is, there can be no occasion for complaint that mills and men are lacking employment. Mr. Austin visited the cotton, woolen, worsted, silk, fibre, carpet, print goods, rubber, boot and shoe, hat, pottery and watch and clock manufacturing establishments, and in no case did he find a lack of orders for the manufacturers or of employment for men and women desiring employment. On the contrary, the great cotton, woolen, silk and other textile mill are running on full time and overtime, while the manufacturers of rubber goods, boots and shoes, clothing and pottery reported their orders far in excess of their capacity to fill with promptness.

It the dressmaker sews well she will reap a good harvest in her own field.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

William Montgomery, Brother of Miss Alice Montgomery, of Emporium, Killed by Indians in Arizona.

Phoenix (Arizona) Republican, Nov. 16.

FLAGSTAFF, Ariz., Nov. 12.—The news reached here at an early hour this morning of a sanguinary conflict between Navajo Indians and a sheriff's posse at a point thirty-five miles southeast of Flagstaff. Five out of six Indians were killed and one member of the Sheriff's posse, Will H. Montgomery, was shot through the heart. Two other deputy sheriffs were wounded, one perhaps fatally. The cause of the fight was an attempt on the part of the posse to arrest the Indians for maltreating Montgomery, who worked as a cowboy for the Roden ranch.

The sheriff's posse consisted of Dan Hogan, Will Montgomery, Bill Ronen, a well known cattleman, and Durham. They left here on Thursday armed with Winchesters and six-shooters and carrying warrants for the arrest of the Indians. At six o'clocx last evening the posse surprised six of the Indians near Walnut and not anticipating any serious resistance, the officers dismounted from their horses, leaving the Winchesters strapped to the saddles and walked towards the Indians. The latter opened fire upon the posse from the brush. The horses stampeded at the first volley and at the same instant Montgomery fell. The deputies, undismayed, returned the fire of the Indians with their six-shooters until their ammunition was exhausted, when they were compelled to retreat.

Roden was shot through the groin, but walked to Angel, a station on the Santa Fe Pacific railroad, being supported by Durham, a member of the posse, who was uninjured. Dan Hogan was shot three times—once in the right arm, another a flesh wound over the heart, and the third time in the back. He walked to Walnut.

Hogan's wounds are in the fleshy parts and will not result seriously. Roden is in a bad state, however, and is being given the best possible medical attendance.

The Indians engaged in the fight were hunting deer in violation of the game law and a ton of dried venison and antelope was found to-day in their camp. A report from Canyon Diablo this morning was to the effect that all the Navajoes in that vicinity had left for the reservation.

Deputy Sheriff Dan Hogan was a member of Troop A of Roosevelt's Rough Riders and served through the Santiago campaign. Deputy Durham was the only one who escaped unhurt. Sheriff Johnson and posse left to-day for the scene of the fight.

CAUSE OF TROUBLE.
(By Associated Press.)

FLAGSTAFF, Nov. 12.—One white man and five Navajo Indians killed, two whites and Navajo Indian wounded was the result of an attempt of a deputy sheriff to arrest a Navajoe yesterday, ten miles south of Walnut and thirty-five miles southeast of Flagstaff.

On November 6 a band of Navajoes who were hunting on Canyon Padre below Anderson Rim, in this county, held up William Montgomery, a cowboy in the employ of William Raden, a cattleman. They accused him of stealing horses and threatened to kill him. He came to Flagstaff and obtained a warrant for their arrest and with Deputy Hogan on Thursday left to make the arrest. At Roden's camp they were joined by William Roden and Walter Durham, who went along to show the deputy where the Navajoes were camped.

Arriving at the camp the party dismounted and anticipating no trouble Hogan attempted to execute the warrant and entered a brush coral where four Navajoes were, when the Indians made resistance and a shot was fired at Hogan, striking him in the back, he at the time being in a tussle with one Navajo who was trying to shoot him, Hogan drew his pistol and killed his antagonist. The fight became general and ended when the ammunition of the white men was exhausted. Short as had been the affray five of the Navajoes were dead and one wounded. Montgomery was shot through the heart. Hogan was wounded three times, all flesh wounds. Roden was wounded seriously in the groin. Durham escaped uninjured.

Governor Murphy received the first news of the fight between a band of Navajo Indians and a sheriff's posse near Flagstaff, on Saturday night, his informant being E. S. Clark, district attorney of Coconino county. Late yesterday afternoon he received a second telegram from Dan Hogan, a member of the posse. In both instances the governor replied, urging that the situation be not exaggerated by the people of Flagstaff and that they act with coolness and good judgment. The governor left on the north bound train last night for the scene of the trouble.

E. M. Montgomery, father of Will Montgomery, who is reported killed, was a passenger on the same train with Governor Murphy. Mr. Montgomery has been employed for years by the S. F. P. & P. railroad in this city and is now occupying the position of chief car repairer. He was not without hope that the first reports may prove incorrect and that his son be still alive, although, it may be, seriously wounded. Mr. Montgomery said last evening just before the train left:

"I received a telegram early this morning to use the language of the message, that Will Montgomery is supposed to be killed by the Indians. The news was a sad shock to me, as you may imagine, and I was left without hope. Late this afternoon I received another telegram stating that nothing certain will be known until the posse returns. I am in hopes, therefore that Will is yet alive and has a fighting chance to recover.

"My son is only 19 years old, but weighs 190 pounds and is as straight as an arrow. He is absolutely fearless. He has worked at the Roden cattle ranch for several years past. The ranch has been managed by Billy Roden, who succeeded his father, now deceased, in the management of the business. Will had intended coming to Phoenix about the first of the month on a visit. He has served on sheriff's posses several times previous to this occasion."

Miss Alice Montgomery, who for several years has made her home with our townsman, Mr. B. W. Green, an uncle, received the above sad intelligence, a few days ago, of the death of her brother. The young lady's many friends deeply sympathise with her in her severe loss.

Up to Monday no information had been received confirming a report that the body had been recovered.

LATER.—The remains of young Montgomery were recovered and taken to Flagstaff last Thursday for burial.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lily, a prominent citizen of Hannibal, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from a frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of Consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular sizes 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

Some people think cyclers are cranks just because they make wheels go 'round.

When you can't make head or tail of a man's intentions he must be a bad penny.

It is an easy matter for some real estate dealers to make mountains of mole hills.

The sword-swallower cannot be in need of anything to sharpen his appetite.

THE
Thanksgiving

TURKEY,

IS an esssential part of the Thanksgiving Dinner and to insure against disappointment you should place your order at once, if not already provided for.

This New England day of Thanksgiving has now become generally observed throughout the United States and to enjoy it thoroughly everyone wants a good dinner. The articles necessary to the satisfactory supply of this want can be found in our store, and any and all orders, great or small, will have our prompt and careful attention.

Will have fresh oysters Thursday morning.

WE are thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of same, trusting we may be able to give you better service in the future than in the past.

Store open until noon on Thanksgiving Day.

J. H. DAY.

Greeting

We are having a big trade in groceries and meats, the biggest we ever remember.

WHY ?

Because we do business on business principles. We cater alike to the masses and carry a line of goods to suit the purse of the poorest or the fastidious taste of the richest.

We carry a complete line of Groceries and Meats and the quality is always the best.

Give us a call.

Alex. McDougall,
Groceries and Meat.
Emporium, Pa.

S. E. MURRY,
PRACTICAL
PLUMBER, GAS
AND
STEAM FITTER.

I have recently added an entirely new line of Plumbing Goods to my already large stock. I handle and keep constantly in stock

GAS AND
STEAM FITTINGS,
SEWER PIPES,
GAS STOVES, ETC.

My store room is well supplied with Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, Gas Lamps and anything required in my trade. Contracts taken for all lines of work; satisfaction guaranteed. Write me when you have any work in my line.

Out of town orders promptly attended to.

S. E. MURRY.

NEW DEPARTURE
BY
M. A. ROCKWELL,
The Fourth Street Druggist,

The Sanitary Still. . . .

I have recently purchased and placed in my Drug Store one of the popular and greatly endorsed Sanitary Stills, manufactured by THE CUPSEGRAPH CO., of Chicago, Ill. There is no process of filteration which will purify water. Nature's process of vaporizing water and cooling it into refreshing showers of pure rain water is repeated by the Sanitary Still in our store. We distill all water used in both our Prescription Department and Soda Water Fountains.

PURE WATER,
PURE DRUGS,
PURE SODA WATER.

Purity is our Motto.

M. A. ROCKWELL,
P. O. Building, Emporium, Pa.

FASHIONABLE AND UP-TO-DATE
Merchant Tailors
ARE
R. SEGER & CO.,
Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

We have prepared for the rush in business and while we are busy we always have time to serve our old patrons. NEW STYLES in piece goods for early winter are now ready for inspection. There is no use of sending to Philadelphia, Buffalo or any other place for clothing. You pay more money than we charge and goods are no better, fit no better and you send the money away from home.

OUR PRICES are up-to date and if we do not give you satisfaction we will make it right.

R. Seger & Co.,
EMPORIUM, PA.

LEADING HARDWARE HOUSE!

We extend our compliments to the citizens of Cameron and adjoining counties for their rapidly and increasing patronage. We would invite all to see our large display of GENERAL HARDWARE and BUILDERS' MATERIAL. We would call especial attention to our

COOKING, HEATING AND GAS STOVES

Comprising the best in the world. Our old and popular Store is headquarters for many useful articles and house-keepers should call and see what we have.

We again desire to call attention to our OIL and GAS STOVES. The Ladies delight.

THE WELSBACH LIGHT.

This popular light the great gas saver, is growing in popular with our people. All who desire to economize in gas bills should use these burners. Call and see them.

WALKER, HOWARD & CO.

WHAT THEN?

What if the day be cold and dark and long?
What though I drag a burden through the street?
Men treat me coldly and affairs go wrong,
But I to-night shall hear two little feet,
And two soft hands shall stroke my weary brow,
And two sweet lips shall press against my cheek—
What if I hear complaining only now;
What though no one has friendly words to speak?

When men are coldest and the killing grind
Weighs heaviest upon me through the day,
How sweet it is to leave my cares behind
And rush to where I hold imperial sway;
To dance my loving subject on my knee,
To press his face against my own, to hear
Him lisping baby words of praise for me,
And feel and know again that God is near!

But, oh, if after some dark day, and long,
When I have been pushed down by stronger men;
If, after some sad day when things go wrong,
I should not hear his little feet—what then?
Or, if some night when, heavy-hearted, I
Rush home to claim his loyalty again,
He should not meet me with his joyous cry—
If he were gone—what then, alas! what then?

—S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Daily News.

By CHAUNCY C. HOTCHKISS

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CHAPTER IX.—CONTINUED.

The broad light from the window fell full upon him, showing him to be a man of but medium height, though stout and pale of face. His eyes were dark, his nose long and slightly dished at the bridge. The mouth was sensual, and bespoke his character at a glance, though his face was by no means coarse or weak. His brow was not broad, but it was smooth and open, and his brown hair, greatly puffed about his ears, was tied into a queue behind and profusely powdered.

But he was not a striking figure despite the gorgeous uniform of scarlet and gold adorned with the waistcoat ribbon and brilliant star of his knightly order. Something there was about him which impressed me with the littleness of his nature, and there was a lurk in his side glances wholly incompatible with an honest, fearless spirit. Undoubtedly he was a man proud of his rank and power—a man much given to self-communion and silence. His official standing was indicated by the single heavy epaulet adorning his right shoulder. His sword, with its belt wrapped about it, he carried in his hand.

"I declare, madam," he said, as he straightened himself and walked to a handsomely appointed table, on which he deposited his sword, "you have braved the storm and stolen a march on me, as you promised. Have you other charms to pit against the terrors of tempest and earthquake? You are the queen of graciousness to thus honor me. Do you find Lounsbury to your liking?" And as he pronounced the name he recognized my presence by a look and an almost imperceptible bending of the head.

"Now I protest, Sir Henry!" said Mrs. Badely, rising and affecting petulance as she adjusted her costume. "You interrupted me before I had come to conclusions. The affair is none of my making, and I am broken-hearted at its necessity. Oh, necessity is such a dreadful word!—is it not, Capt. Lounsbury? Really, Sir Henry, I supposed you would not come for an hour yet, but, now that you are here, I will leave you to settle with the captain while I look after my recreant ward. Sir Henry, I feared I would have found her with you. Ah! Capt. Lounsbury, one's children, be they ours by law or nature, are such a trial—such a trial! When shall I know of your decision, Sir Henry?" Then with an upward look and clearly affected archness, "You will honor me to-night, will you not, Sir Henry?"

What answer Clinton made I never knew. He held out his hand to her, the fall of lace from his cuff almost covering it, and with a step as unnatural as that in the minuet escorted her into the hall, closing the door behind him.

He was not absent long. I had but time to take in the details of the elegantly furnished apartment, from its carved fireplace behind the table to the carved casing of the window overlooking the Hudson, when he entered rather hastily, his face no longer bearing its genial expression, and with something of a business-like air seated himself at the table, motioning me to take the chair opposite.

Before speaking he cast quick glances at me, instantly removing his eye from mine as he met my gaze, but immediately returning to the charge. Finally, he began quite sharply:

"Are you Capt. Lounsbury?"

My heart leaped at the question, and I pulled myself together with the firm intention of laying violent hands on him if he had discovered the fraud, but I answered quietly and with an unswerving look:

"Yes, your excellency."

"General Knyphausen has always vouched for you, but you hardly appear the desperado I had been led to expect. Your physique and carriage make you an excellent agent—if—you have subtlety behind."

His manner was unsuspicious, and this relieved me. Bowing, I answered:

"I have seen service, your excellency, and have always rendered a good account of myself."

"So I am told," he replied. "You are a remarkable man. You look and speak like a gentleman, yet your record is shady, sir; still," he put in hurriedly, "I am not criticising. War has its necessities. You read the order given you yesterday?"

"Yes, your excellency."

"Are you prepared to act on its suggestion?"

"Yes, your excellency."

He stopped as if perplexed, and passed his hand across his brow.

"You were not successful in your mission to Norfolk! Why did you not report?"

"The party was out of reach," I ventured, hazarding the guess that he referred to the kidnaping business. "But I made amends later. I have been ill from a wound," I continued, pointing to my sling, which through all the excitement in leaving the King's Arms I had not forgotten.

"Will you undertake a similar errand—here in the city, and in connection with the trip to Newport?" he asked, looking at me and then away

"Yes, your excellency, if it be feasible."

"It is feasible; it is easy, and you shall be well rewarded. Have you money?"

"No, your excellency; I have nothing but my promise of prize money. I am living on the credit of that."

"Indeed! Have you the paper with you, properly indorsed?"

For an answer I took it from my pocket and laid it before him, at the same time realizing with a start that the communication given to me the day before had been left in my room in the hurry of escaping from the tavern. He picked up the document I laid before him, glanced at it, and then, rising, went to a bookcase, which on being opened disclosed a small strong-box. This he unlocked, and taking from it several rouleaux of coin laid them on the table.

"You must have money; you cannot get ready without it. You will have many expenses. Listen! I shall not intrust you with a packet to General Pigot. The venture is too hazardous. Tell him to hold Newport to the last extremity, and I will start to his relief within two weeks. I shall also communicate with him by land."

He arose again, and clasping his hands behind him walked up and down the floor. I saw that the man was wishing to come to a point against which just then he was shying, and, as time was an object to me, I hoped to help him over the difficulty by remarking:

"The matter of the cruise is plain enough, but your excellency hinted at secret instructions."

"Yes, yes," he answered. "It was that I referred to a moment since." He hesitated, and then pointing to my arm, continued, "Perhaps your wound would cripple you for active service?"

"No, your excellency," I answered hurriedly; "it is about healed."

"Will you, then—undertake to—to—in short—to abduct a—a person and—and perhaps deliver her to Pigot?"

"It is a woman, then?"

"It is a woman. In fact, my position is delicate—I must not be known in the matter. She is troublesome to— Well, her brother is about to be executed. I wish to save her from this knowledge. Do you follow me? She is to be the victim of an unauthorized outrage; the motive to be your own. No ill treatment, no unnecessary violence, of course. You shall be paid—you shall be well paid. Get the boat ready—be ready within five days. Can I rely on you? Then report for final details. Is there anything more?"

"Yes, your excellency, there is more. I shall need a pass. Some of my men are without the lines."

"Very good!" he returned, sitting down and pulling paper toward him, on which he wrote rapidly; then pushing the writing away, he began talking with the feather of the quill betwixt his teeth.

"Here is your pass," said he, laying his hand over the paper and looking hard at me, "and there is your gold. There is more to come. No violence—no brute violence. What would you do if necessity demanded your sinking the ship? If—if—if—"

The pen in his mouth gave his voice the character of a snarl; his eyes flashed, and he bent forward eagerly. I caught a glimpse of the villainy of this man, and without winking promptly replied:

"Save myself, your honor!"

As though smitten by a revulsion of feeling, he started back and exclaimed:

"No! no! Not that! Great God! not quite so quick! What a tool you are! Is there no other way? Let me think; let it rest as it is until you report.—Ah! what is the meaning of this?"

The last remark was drawn from him by a noise of controversy in the hall without, the sudden opening of the door, and the entry of a female unannounced. She was veiled, but before the door had fairly closed behind her, with a graceful move of her arm she uncovered her face, and I involuntarily came to my feet as I recognized the young girl whose beauty had struck me as I was about leaving the Sprite.

Her eyes were red from weeping, and, indeed, the tears on her cheeks were as apparent as the few raindrops on her silken hood, as well as on her plain though elegant costume. Over her white brow and from under the back of her head covering there strayed a few locks of hair, which some might have called red, but red they were not, being the richest of auburn, and of such a nature that the damp of the air had curled them into a mass of crisp waves.

If tears were on her cheeks, there were none in her voice as she advanced before the Englishman. As she came to within a pace of him she halted, and demanded in a low, firm tone, which for all its firmness was sweet:

"Sir Henry Clinton, where is my brother?"

Clinton dropped his eyes, while a heavy frown contracted his smooth forehead. For an instant he appeared about to give way to temper, but finally unpuckered his brows and replied easily, as though patronizing a petulant child:

"My dear Miss Gertrude, you must ask your aunt."

"Call your Mrs. Badely no aunt of mine, Sir Henry. She may be my guardian, but none of her blood flows in my veins. Be that as it may, sir, she has but this moment referred me to you. My brother has been gone a week. You have promised each day that I should see him the next. Sir Henry, where is my brother?"

The decidedly defiant tone of the last demand made me wonder at the audacity of the speaker, but instead of arousing the temper of the man to whom it was addressed, it made him rather draw into himself, though not without an effort at self-control. Again he arose and paced the floor behind his desk, but finally stopping in his walk, took a long breath as if he had arrived at a determination, and suddenly turning to me, said:

"Capt. Lounsbury, the plan I mentioned will remain in abeyance.—My dear Gertrude," he continued, addressing the girl, "I have been trying to save you from pain, but, as you will have the truth, I will give it to you. Your brother has been discovered acting in the interests of the enemy. His offense was clear, and he has acknowledged it. He was arrested one week ago this day. He was tried fairly, convicted, and sentenced to be hanged as a spy. Yesterday he perished in the fire at Cruger's Wharf before the sentence could be executed."

Now at these words I guessed this was the girl whom I had been expected to kidnap and make way with, and my first impulse, quickly controlled, was to blurt out the fact of her own danger. It had become plain, however, that Clinton could not screw his courage to going the length of even indirectly taking her life, much as he wished for some reason to be rid of her. It was strongly forced on me that he was being used as a cat's-paw by the woman who was known to powerfully influence his actions, even to the extent of altering the plans of a campaign. As he finished his statement, I knew he had told the girl an untruth, or he had been lying to me, as he had informed me that the brother was about to be hanged, no mention having been made of his death by fire. In a flash there came to mind my encounter with the scorched patriot, and I instinctively distrung the two together.

I expected to witness the collapse of the girl as the British general completed his sentence, but there came nothing of the sort. Instead, she stood tall and graceful, with lips apart and eyes widely strained. Her color faded a trifle, but after a breath or two she answered stoutly:

"Gen. Clinton, that is false! My brother held no communication with anyone beyond the lines at Kingsbridge. You have overshot your mark. It was I, sir, who informed Gen. Washington of your intended movement into the Jerseys, but my poor brother has been doomed because he is in possession of facts which would compromise Sir Henry Clinton were they known abroad. I, too, know them. Work your will on me, a girl—I care not; but if you injure a hair of the head of Beverly, all England shall know how Mr. Henry Clinton obtained his knighthood, together with other matters which would make interesting reading. [Two years before, Gen. Clinton had challenged Lord George Germain, of the British ministry. In fear of his life, Germain promised Clinton a title and the command of the army in America if he would withdraw the challenge. Clinton did so, obtained leave of absence from America, went to London and was knighted by the king. Returning, he succeeded Gen. Howe, who resigned shortly before the evacuation of Philadelphia. The affair caused great scandal at the time.] By his appearance, here is doubtless one of your familiars," she went on, indicating me by a fine look of intense scorn. "Order him to apprehend and make way with Gertrude King, who, by the help of God, has been, is now, and always will be, devoted to her own land and its liberties!"

As she uttered these words she was sublime. Her figure swayed slightly, her eyes sparkled, and her voice rang like a bell. There was no effect of bravado, but it was apparent that with her there had come a crisis, and she had thrown off her mask, either because it was no longer of use or for the purpose of sacrificing herself for her brother. Her great beauty, her youth, her fearlessness—ay, even the grace of her pose, set off by her faultless costume—gave weight to the words which on her listeners produced profound though widely differing emotions.

My own first feeling was that of utter insignificance as I marked her great courage and heard the inspiring eloquence of her last sentence; my next that, if necessary, I would risk my life to assist her if my way to do so was made plain. My admiration, my respect was beyond measure. I was almost moved to defy Clinton to his face there and then when that party exposed the spirit in which he had listened.

He had halted and whirled about as she threw at him the falsity of his statement, and as she progressed, his face turned from white to red and from red to purple. On her finishing, he hung a moment as though to gather the full import of her words, and then banged his fist on the table as he exclaimed:

"You doubly damned rebel wench! You spy! How dare you use such language here and to me? So you have taken advantage of your housing with— My God! what a fool your aunt has been! Madam," he suddenly thundered, "you are under arrest—"

"Sir," she said, cutting him short, "if I am, I will be released. You have now an opportunity to confiscate my property as you have my brother's. Doubtless this sum will also go to enrich your paramour. You have taken me for a child, but I am not the helpless girl you think me. I know your motives. They are money, and fear, and Mrs. Badely. And now I have but one demand, Gen. Sir Henry Clinton, and one more statement. Your personal secrets are safe with me conditionally, and my property you are welcome to, as you will but hold it until the right prevails; but this I will have now—a pass beyond your lines at Kingsbridge. The statement will simply show the extent of your falsity and the ease with which it is overcome. My brother—"

At that moment the hall door for a second time was thrown open violently by a female, and now it was Mrs. Badely who reentered. There was no affectation about her as she hurried in and closed it behind her. With her hand on the knob, her face blanched to an ash color, and her whole figure trembling, she pointed to the defiant girl and burst out:

"She is a traitor! she is a traitor! Let her not go hence! O Sir Henry! Sir Henry! he has escaped! He has been back and—taken—all—those—"

She got no further, but, tottering slightly, gradually sank to the floor in a real or pretended faint.

CHAPTER X.

THE HEROISM OF GERTRUDE KING.

Gen. Clinton stood as if stricken with catalepsy, while I sprang to Mrs. Badely. Discarding the useless disguise, I threw my sling from me and, lifting the lady, bore her to the couch. As her aunt sank to the floor the girl had given a violent start, and, as though taking for granted that the escaped party referred to was her brother, she raised her hands and exclaimed fervently: "Thank God! thank God!" Then the emotion she had bravely suppressed when her misfortune seemed at its height overcame her on the relaxation of the strain, and she broke into a torrent of tears.

Giving no further attention to Mrs. Badely, I turned and looked at Clinton. He had sunk into his chair, and was undergoing a strong inward struggle, but the expression of his face boded little good to the girl who still stood before him. In a moment he straightened himself, and pointing to the weeping maiden, sternly said:

"Capt. Lounsbury, call my orderly, and see that this woman is placed in confinement. Report to me when it is done."

It appeared that the moment had arrived when I must declare myself, for to allow this heroic girl to suffer the indignity of arrest while I could prevent it, was not in my books. I was about to turn on him with my answer when she lifted her head, and, directing her wet eyes toward Clinton, said as firmly as she had before spoken:

"Gen. Clinton, I care little for what you may do to me. The only load I had has been lifted. My brother is free! Listen to me! He was never arrested as a spy, never tried in any court, never condemned to be hanged! I knew he was to be secretly removed from his prison; of that I was informed by one of your own officers, and I came here to demand his whereabouts. Is not my so-called beauty as powerful for my interests as your commands for yours? Look to yourself, Sir Knight! What I know of you will find a ready ear, but, Sir Henry Clinton, you will scarce have the courage to demand an earldom from the one who hears it."

The utterly fearless way in which she spoke, coupled with sarcasm and a taunt the nature of which I then knew nothing, drove the British general into a fury. Springing to his feet and again slamming the table, he shouted:

"Arrest her, sir! Arrest her instantly! Stop her vile mouth! Good God! am I to be thus bearded by a self-confessed traitress?"

By this I had gotten to a pitch of spirits that ripened me for any deed insuring the safety of the gallant girl, and yet my head was left clear enough to see the possible consequence of my act.

"Nay, Sir Henry," I replied, clearly, but without moving, "I shall never arrest her nor see her arrested here; rather would I see her canonized. Do your own dirty work."

"Hell and furies!" he thundered, fairly bounding from the floor. "What means this treason? You are under arrest yourself, sir! What, sir! you defy me?"

As he spoke he moved from behind the table and took a couple of strides toward the hall; but seeing his intention was to call the sentry, and that for me it was now the whole pace or the scaffold, in an instant I was ahead of him, and, quickly locking the door, threw the key through the open window.

I was none too soon. Through the heavy mahogany I heard the approach of hurried footsteps, and the knob twisted while yet my hand was on it.

With an oath Clinton turned toward the table and grasped his sword; but again I anticipated his action and was before him. Laying my left hand on the weapon, I pressed it down, while with my right I pushed him into his chair and held him there. He paled as though fearing immediate assassination, and gasped, then after a fruitless effort at freeing himself, he shouted:

"What! Capt. Lounsbury, would you murder your commander?"

I rapidly shifted my grip, and to prevent his further clamoring placed my hand over his mouth, pinning his head fast to the back of the chair.

"Call me not Lounsbury!" I exclaimed in my excitement. "I have been damned by that name weeks enough! Know me as Donald Thorndyke, an enemy to the king. —Quick, now!" said I turning to the girl. "Here is a pass ready written. Get away—out of the window! I will cover your going." And with that I snatched the writing from the table and held it toward her.

By this time there was a violent knocking at the door and some shouting in the hall, but, taking no notice of the shortness of time allowed for her escape, the girl stepped close to me, and, peering into my face with undisguised surprise upon her own countenance, said:

"Are you from Washington?"

"Nay, miss," I answered, "I am but a free-lance; not from him, but for him to the end. Hurry your leaving, and God bless you for a brave lass!"

"But you—but you! Must I take the sacrifice?"

"I am already known and outlawed. Hurry! Heaven help the first man who enters this room now! If you would prevent bloodshed, leave at once. I will follow betimes. Live for your brother's sake! Get gone—get gone!"

Taking the paper I had pushed into her hand, she gave me a smile that was a benediction, the memory of which comes to me as I write. Turning, she hastened to the balcony. I saw her gather her skirts, climb over the light iron rail and drop—a matter easily accomplished, as the window sill was a scarce six feet from the soil of the garden below.

And then I turned attention to myself and my own desperate situation.

There was nothing to do but follow her immediately if I hoped to escape, but, knowing that every second's delay helped the maiden, I still held the general so that he could neither cry out nor prove aggressive, and so continued holding him for perhaps the space of a minute.

In the meantime the attacks on the door were becoming more violent, and even the one through which Clinton had entered was now being tried. Mrs. Badely, who had been unattended through the episode, suddenly recovered her senses and lifted herself upright on the couch, when, seeing me apparently strangling her lover, she set up a shrieking that must have driven to desperation those without.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

STUCK TO HIM.

The Annoying Experience of an English Bishop with a Horsy Station Master.

A certain bishop, in traveling through his diocese had occasion to change at a wayside junction. While waiting for his train, he seized the opportunity of making friends with the station-master. One of the kindest-hearted men, he was very fond of trying to enter into the varied interests of those with whom he came in contact. However, on this occasion he did not find it easy to discover the exact topic in which his new friend was interested. So reluctantly he fell back on his particular "shop," i. e., the traffic. "I suppose, with the race meeting taking place to-day, there has been some very heavy traffic on your line?" Inadvertently, the bishop had indeed struck the station-master's weakest point—not the traffic, but racing. So for the next quarter of an hour he listened in his kindly way to the various merits of the horses engaged in the St. Leger, and the chances of success. At last, to the bishop's great relief, it must be admitted, the train arrived, and, shaking hands with his racing friend, he got into a carriage. He had not traveled very far, however, when, the train having pulled up, he heard the station-master's voice, asking if the bishop of —— was in the train. Hastily the bishop declared his presence. Of course, his fellow-passengers in the third-class carriage (it was the bishop's boast that he always traveled third) were on the qui vive to know what the station-master wanted with the bishop, while quite a little knot of spectators gathered around the carriage window. Up comes the official, making a prodigious salute to the great ecclesiastical dignity. "I've just received a wire, my lord, from the station master at ——, asking me to tell your lordship that Donovan won the Leger." — Cornhill Magazine.

Goldsmith's Extinguisher.

Goldsmith read much after he had retired, and at other times when not disposed to read and was unable to sleep, he would lie in bed thinking. The candle was kept burning at such times, and his original mode of extinguishing it was characteristic of the careless and ease-loving genius. He flung his slipper at it, which, in consequence, was found in the morning besmeared with grease.—Detroit Free Press.

An Infant Philosopher.

Friend—He is a bright child, isn't he?

Papa—Bright? Why he has learned already that perseverance overcomes obstacles, and he makes himself a nuisance until he gets what he wants!—Puck.

The human voice can in a few cases utter 296 words a minute.

THE AGE OF CHIVALRY.

Its Passing Away, Cleverly Argues This Woman Writer, Is a Sign of True Equality.

When we sigh over what we are pleased to call the "decadence of manners" and long for the return of "chivalry," do we, as women, realize what such a state of affairs would mean for us? It would mean no more clubs, no gymnasiums, no education higher than housekeeping, fine needlework and dancing. It would mean weakness, both mental and physical, dependence, loss of personal liberty in every form.

The conditions governing society in years gone by were vastly different from those of to-day, and, perhaps, made the almost slavish attentions of men to women a necessity.

Whether chivalry was the cause of the weakness and dependence of women, or vice versa, it is impossible to say. It is always difficult to judge between cause and effect in such matters; but the fact remains that weakness and chivalry existed at one and the same time, and both ceased to exist simultaneously.

No, this is not an age of chivalry; but never before in the history of the world have women had so much liberty—liberty in thought, in action, in everything—or been such an influence in public affairs. True chivalry does not consist in knowing how to pick up a lady's kerchief gracefully—and doing it—nor in guiding the steps of a healthy woman as though she were a wooden doll. Nor does it consist in ordering "coffee and pistols for two" in the gay dawn of early morning because of some implied insult. But rather does it consist of a recognition, an appreciation and—what is more to the point—an acknowledgment of our moral and mental qualifications.

What we call a "decadence of manners" is only an avowed recognition of

THIS WAS PRETTY, BUT ALL SURFACE.

woman on the part of man as his equal. We defer to our superiors and patronize our inferiors; but those whom we consider our equals, those whom we meet on the same social and intellectual plane we treat with a "bon homie," a good fellowship which has in it a refreshing sincerity.

In the days when "chivalry" flourished with all its benefits and harmfulness, physical delicacy was considered "good form," and women resorted to all kinds of villainous devices and cosmetics to produce an "interesting pallor." Firm rose-tinted flesh was frowned upon as "vulgarly healthful" in any but housemaids. Nowadays not to have good health is almost criminal, and is usually an acknowledgment of the, at least practical, ignorance of sanitary laws.

In the rush and whirl of the business of to-day, would it not be foolish for us strong women to exact the slavish attentions which the leisure of 50 years ago made possible to our weaker sisters? The wife of to-day is a companion to her husband, and often in business her timely advice saves him thousands of dollars.

We do not now have men for our knights errant, expending life and blood for our sake while we sit idly by and drop flowers on half-dead victors; but a man will fight with "nature's weapons," as a rule, just as quickly to-day as in "ye olden time" for the fair fame of mother, wife or sweetheart.

Of course there are men—specimens, not types—in every profession and in every grade of society who cannot see a woman enter a public office or pass along the street without expressing the sneer of baseness. These "specimens," however, existed half a century ago, just the same as to-day, the only difference being that women never venturing outside their own doors without a protector, they feared the ready sword thrust, considered "discretion the better part of valor," looked wise and said—nothing.

Women, then, were dressed up dolls, pretty playthings, to be petted or caressed, or flung out of the window, according to the temper of their several lords and masters. To-day we are neither goddesses nor slaves; men are neither heroes nor semidemons. We just plod along life's road together, men and women alike, and the favors are, in most cases, reciprocal.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Missed His Vocation.

Patient—You should have gone into the army, doctor.

Doctor—Why so?

Patient—Judging by the way you charge your friends you would be able to completely annihilate an enemy.—Chicago Daily News.

AN OLD HOUSEKEEPER.

Mrs. Martha Darrow, of Martha's Vineyard, Gets All Her Meals at Ninety-Five.

Imagine, ladies, doing one's own housework at the age of 95! Martha's Vineyard boasts such a feminine prodigy. She is Mrs. Martha Darrow, and she has the further distinction of being the oldest inhabitant. She is one of the objects of interest to the summer visitors at Edgartown, and is never too busy or too tired to receive her callers and chat with them about her life and old times in the old town.

She was born in Nantucket in 1804 and was taken to "the Vineyard," where she has since uninterruptedly lived, some 90 years ago. She was married when she was 16 and and has been

COOKING AT NINETY-FIVE.

a widow nearly a quarter of a century. Her husband was captain of a packet in the palmy days of New Bedford. She has had six children, and one of her daughters now lives opposite to her.

At 95 Mrs. Darrow does her own work, attending to the household duties as she might at 50—a fact worthy of a little more than passing comment. She lives alone in the large white house on the road skirting the harbor.

Perhaps one of the most striking characteristics of the aged woman is the keenness and accuracy of her eyesight. Without the aid of any artificial agency she still reads her favorite passages from the Scriptures and her beloved hymns from the Methodist song book.

For Mrs. Darrow is a Methodist, and one of the old-fashioned school, too, that doesn't mind a little noise now and then. She is one of the original members of the Vineyard Methodist church, and one of the very oldest living Methodists in Massachusetts.—N. Y. Herald.

GOOD MANAGMENT.

Haste Makes Waste in Housekeeping as in Every Other Pursuit or Undertaking.

The best managers in household affairs are not those who never sit down from early morn until night closes about them. Ah, no! the best managers are those who secure for themselves an hour of that healthful tranquillity so necessary to every human heart, says Portland Transcript. The habit of rush and haste takes possession of some housewives and their life is a burden to them as well as to those who love them.

Every woman loves to be thought a good manager. You are, if every device known to make your work lighter is used. For instance, the washing of dishes three times a day and cleaning up the cooking vessels is a business in itself. So make it easier, and to do it in half the time let me tell you the New England way.

Always have plenty of hot water, as hot as you can bear your hands in, in fact, it's best to use mops with china and glass, so as to use very hot water and to have a nice lather instead of using soap. Use washing powder in the hot water and wash quickly and have plenty of nice tea towels to wipe with. You can get through a large pile of dishes directly. Clean the cooking vessels the same way. You will gain an hour by this process of washing. Then, if you have a dining room where you can keep the table set and ready for use, it saves many steps to have a waiter ready to put your dishes in, and to place them on the table after washing them. The morning hours should be the busy ones, but manage to have the afternoons and evenings for agreeable work. It is a beautiful sight to see a well-balanced, well-poised woman, who is a true homemaker, elevating every phase of life, making it subservient to her good and those around her. This is good management. We all feel its power.

Disinfecting the Sick Room.

For the sick room a pleasant disinfectant is made by putting in a saucer some freshly-ground coffee and lighting a piece of camphor gum on top of it. As this gum burns it emits the odor of roasting coffee, an aroma that is agreeable to most people. This perfume has the advantage of being healthful, and is to be preferred to the pastiles and incense powders, which to some are very sickening. The odor of the coffee will counteract any bad aroma in the room and the fumes of the camphor will kill ordinary disease germs that may be floating around.

To Clean Chamoise Gloves.

Make a strong suds with white Castile soap, or any other kind of good white soap, and to two quarts of suds add one teaspoonful of borax dissolved in half a pint of hot water. When the suds are cold, put the gloves on the hands and wash them slowly and gently, as if washing the hands. Rinse in the same manner in clear water; then draw off gently and hang in a shady place to dry, drawing them into shape when they are almost dry. When perfectly dry, rub them between the hands to soften them.—Ladies' Home Journal.

THE FARMING WORLD

THE CAPER SPURGE.

Its Story as Told in Bulletin No. 86 of the United States Department of Agriculture.

This plant is called also garden spurge, myrtle spurge, mole plant, mole weed, mole tree, gopher plant, anti-gopher plant, wild caper, caper bush, wolf's milk, and springwort.

Description and Where Found—This is a smooth, herbaceous, milky-juiced perennial, two to three feet high, with a stiff erect stem, and opposite four-ranked leaves, the lower of which are thick and oblong, the upper, thin, broad and heart-shaped. The flowers are greenish yellow and rather small. The three-seeded fruit is conspicuous. It is

CAPER SPURGE.
(A, Upper Half of Plant, One-Third Natural Size; 'B, Seed Capsule, Natural Size.)

a common garden plant, sparingly introduced into wet ground in California and Texas, and in the Atlantic states from New Jersey and West Virginia and North Carolina.

Poisonous Properties — The fresh milky juice is exceedingly acrid and the fruit is highly purgative and poisonous. When used as a household remedy it often provokes serious trouble. Women and children are not infrequently poisoned by handling the plant and getting the juice on the face. Cattle are quite resistant to its influence, but they are sometimes overcome. Goats will eat the plant extensively if nothing better presents itself, and it is said that their milk then possesses all of the venomous properties of the plant. When applied to the skin the juice causes redness, itching, pimples and sometimes gangrene, the effect often lasting more than a week. The seed taken internally in overdose will inflame the mouth and stomach, and cause intense diarrhoea and vomiting. If the dose is sufficient there will be nervous disorders, unconsciousness, general collapse and death.

OATS AFTER OATS.

How to Maintain the Fertility of Soil on Farms Where the Conditions Are Unfavorable.

All farmers know that oats are an exhaustive crop, and also one that it is especially hard to get a clover or grass seeding with. Where winter grain is not grown, and oats are the chief small grain grown, one failure to seed is apt to be followed by others, until the land becomes so exhausted that neither oats nor grass can be grown. Most of these failures to seed with spring grain come from plowing the land in early spring, thus turning up a lower strata of soil that has not been properly mellowed by freezing. The remedy for this is to fall plow the land, leaving it rough, and then so soon as it is fit to work, cultivate it lightly and put in the grain and grass seed before plowing can be done. If a frost freezes the soil an inch or two after the grain and grass seed are sown, it will be all the better for both. If the second crop of oats fails to give a grass and clover seeding, plow the stubble in the fall after the oats are off and sow wheat or rye, seeding with grass seed in the fall and with clover seed in the spring. This rarely fails to give a good grass catch, and if the season be favorable, there will be some clover with it, even on poor, thin soil.—Prairie Farmer.

How to Handle Kaffir Fodder.

There is quite a difference in opinion as to the best method of handling Kaffir fodder when it is planted thickly, and is to be used for feeding and wintering stock cattle. In general it is believed that the fodder should be cut and placed in small shocks when the grains have passed from the soft stage and become firm. The fodder will yet be green, and if put in large shocks will spoil, but will be excellent feed if properly shocked. In feeding it when prepared in this way the amount given should not be more than the cattle will eat up reasonably clean, if too much is given they will eat only the heads and waste a large portion of the fodder.—Farmers' Review.

Alfalfa on Thin Soils.

It must be steadfastly borne in mind that alfalfa is not in any sense a plant for poor soils. In sterile clay, in hungry sands and gravels, in peat soils there are a hundred plants that will pay better. These clay soils need draining and manuring. The peaty soils perhaps will never grow it well, yet in naturally very poor clays we have had remarkably luxuriant alfalfa after it had become well established.—National Stockman.

WINTERING THE BEES.

The Temperature Required Is About That Which Will Keep Potatoes Successfully.

The problem of wintering is one of vital importance. To leave a colony on the summer stand, exposed to the sudden changes and bleak storms of winter, is not conducive to success, in the beginning. The careful, successful bee keeper would as soon think of wintering his cow in this manner as his bees, which under proper care would yield under the investment equally as much profit.

There are two means of successful wintering. First, packed, on the summer stand; second, in a well-ventilated cellar. The first is by far the most laborious, yet it has some advantages. Cellar wintering is the least expensive; it is only necessary to keep them in Egyptian darkness and as quiet as possible, carrying them out on two or three bright days for a fly during the entire winter. The temperature required is about that which will keep potatoes successfully. They remain in a semi-dormant state and consume but little.

Most everyone has his or her favorite location for the apiary. Some choose the most shaded point possible. After experimenting for several years, we have determined that, in my locality at least, the most exposed place possible is prolific of the best results. In the country between the Missouri river and the mountains the nights are usually cool, and we find that the mercury falls two or three degrees lower in the shade than on the open ground; that it requires a much longer time to warm up the hive in the shade in the morning than those not shaded; and, besides this, the sun comes out so warm in the morning that often before the colonies in the shade are warmed up, the sun has evaporated a great portion of the nectar.

It is with the bee as with the farmhand; the fellow who gets out early in the morning is the one who usually accomplishes the greatest day's work. In experimenting with the matter of location we find that the colony located nearest the shade gathers the least stores, while those located on the most exposed ground gather most. One case in particular was a colony shaded by a small plum tree. As the tree grew, the colony produced less stores, until it barely gathered sufficient to winter itself. We moved this colony out into the sunlight and it went back to its old record in honey-making.—E. Whitcomb, in Farm and Home.

AMONG THE POULTRY.

Do not omit the cleaning-up process during the moulting season.

Growing birds must be well fed or they will go into the winter very poor and no eggs will be the result.

Fowls demand special care during autumn months, and with the best attention thus, profits follow during the winter.

It will pay to select all fowls that will likely be the most profitable during the winter and give them special attention.

Late hatched chicks are not worth wintering generally, and the best thing to do with them is to market before cold weather.

"Well begun is half done," so begin now to fix up poultry quarters for winter and do not wait until cold weather is on. Remember you want a good warm poultry house with plenty of light.

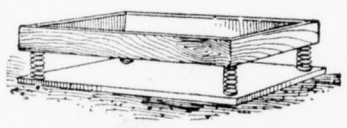
Do not pay 75 cents per gallon for prepared lice killer, but make it yourself at a cost of about 25 cents per gallon. One pint of crude carbolic acid added to one gallon of kerosene is equal to the best of it.

Give the fowls plenty of roosting space and do not have one sitting on top of the other. Each fowl should have room enough so that they do not more than touch while on the roosts. Small breeds should not be permitted to roost with the large breeds, but separate departments should be provided. —Farmer's Voice.

CARRYING EGGS SAFELY.

A Simple Little Contrivance That Will Prevent Much Loss and a Lot of Annoyance.

When a basket of eggs is to be carried over a rough road, either the horse must be made to walk all the way, or broken eggs be carried back. Saw off the bot-



CARRIER FOR EGG CASE.

tom of an empty grocery box and mount it above its cover by four small springs from the upholsterer's, or from a worn-out chair or couch. Set the basket of eggs in this, and it will ride safely over rough roads with the horse at a trot.—American Agriculturist.

No Monopoly in Poultry.

The rapid multiplication of poultry being so easy the humblest individual can take advantage of opportunities and avail himself of the privileges which cannot be monopolized. It is the only class of stock that permits science and knowledge to triumph over wealth and possession, for monopoly may seize the best flocks in the world; yet patient industry and careful breeding, even in the hands of the most obscure and humble, will break down the walls and open new avenues. The monopoly that can be exercised in the poultry business is brains, for every man, woman and child has the same privileges and advantages. City people as well as those living in the country can have their poultry.—Farm and Fireside.

SOCIAL DELIGHTS.

What One Experiences Sometimes While Engaging in the Game of Whist.

This is what a Detroit whist player is willing to take oath took place at a party where he was doing his level best for a prize:

The large lady, his partner, gave the right sleeve of her shirt waist a hitch, muttered under her breath and then said to the other lady: "Look at that, now. It's all askew and so annoying. I don't care who you go to or how much you pay, it's always the same way. Did you signal for trump, or was it the other hand."

"That sleeve lost us three tricks," continued the complainant. Then the other lady wanted a recipe for making chow-chow pickleily or something of that sort. Of course, my accommodating partner went right to reeling it off, playing a king to my ace when she had a three spot, revoked in another suit, led right into the enemy's strength, and then had the nerve to ask me if I saw anywhere that she could have bettered her play. Say, I wanted to boil her in oil.

"I tried to keep from turning red, saying anything sarcastic or swearing a little, and succeeded reasonably well.

"Then she went to telling about a new hat her neighbor had bought. She took two five spots at a heavy cost, and then consoled me with a half-screaming explanation that she had been playing pedro the night before and had lapsed into it again without thinking. I never behaved better in my life, feigned sudden illness, got away and made things blue for two blocks. After I was gone she told the opposition that I played a very stupid game."—Detroit Free Press.

Anticipated News.

Mr. Isaacs (in Chicago)—Ish der a delegram fer Mr. Isaacs sayin' dot his shtore has purned down in New York?

Hotel Telegraph Operator—No! None!

"Vell, vhen von gomes schoost sendt it right up to my room, blease!—Puck.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at ¼ the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

In Old Missouri.

Mrs. Goodwin—Here's a quarter, poor man. But tell me, pray, what ever brought you to this miserable state?

Dusty Rhoades—Me autermobeel, ma'am. I was tourin' t'rough Iowa, an' I axerdently stray'd across de line, see?—Chicago Evening News.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Worse Yet.

Snarley—They're a bad family. The father plays the stock market and the son the races.

Yow- You'd think they were virtues if you heard the daughter play the piano.—Syracuse Herald.

To Los Angeles and Southern California.

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for Los Angeles and Southern California, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City, for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

In addition to the regular Pullman porter, each car is accompanied by an intelligent, competent and courteous "courier," who will attend to the wants of passengers en route. This is an entirely new feature of tourist car service and will be appreciated by families or by ladies traveling alone. Particular attention is paid to the care of children, who usually get weary on a long journey.

These tourist cars are sleeping cars supplied with all the accessories necessary to make the journey comfortable and pleasant, and the berth rate (each berth will accommodate two persons) is only $6.00 from Chicago to California. Ask the nearest ticket agent for a tourist car folder, or address Geo. H. Heafford, General Pass. and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

How It Sounded.

"My daughter's music," sighed the mother, "has been a great expense."

"Indeed?" returned the guest. "Some neighbor sued you, I suppose?"—Boston Traveler.

Like Oil Upon Troubled Waters is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar upon a cold. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

Harduppe—"Skinflint is a close chap." Dedbroke—"Yes; he's close, and yet you can't touch him."—Philadelphia Record.

Just as soon as things begin to taste right to a sick person, the neighbors stop sending things in.—Atchison Globe.

He—"A fellow caught me in a lie today." She—"Are you telling me the truth?" He—"Of course I always tell the truth." —Town Topics.

Wigwag—"It strikes me that times are getting harder than ever." Watson—"They must be; I haven't been able to borrow a cent for over a month."—Berlin (Md.) Herald.

A Child of Fortune.—"Lucy Dukane is a very lucky woman," said Mrs. Northside. "Is she?" replied Mr. Esplanade. "Has not her husband died recently?" "Yes, and his life was insured for $100,000, and she looks just too utterly sweet in black."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

"You have long boasted of what you were going to do with Chaffers when you met him, and when he confronted you the other day you ran away from him." "Very true. But, strong as was my belligerent impulse, I couldn't overcome the influence of my mother's injunction to shun bad company."—Richmond Dispatch.

Dorman—"I think that Dumleigh must either be a very unselfish youth or a very big fool." Windam—"What has Dumleigh been doing?" Dorman—"You know those Pouter girls? It is said that each of them is worth her weight in gold. Well, Dumleigh has actually gone and engaged himself to the smallest one of the lot."—Boston Transcript.

Robert Hilliard, the actor, brought a young Englishwoman to see "El Capitan." She was much impressed with De Wolf Hopper, and remarked: "What a charming man your Mr. Hopper is. Tell me, is he married?" "Been married three times," was the reply. "Three times!" she repeated; "and they are all dead?" "No," was the answer; "divorced." "Ah!" she rejoined, "I see; he is a Grass-Hopper."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Struck It Big.

Henry A. Salzer, Manager of the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., also President of the Idaho Gold Coin Mining and Milling Co., is in luck. They have recently struck a wonderful deposit of gold on their properties. As a result the stock of the Gold Coin Co. has doubled in value. Many of the patrons of the John A. Salzer Seed Co. are owners of Gold Coin Stock. The mines are located in the Seven Devil District, Idaho.

True to Nature.

She—What a good picture!

He—No, it isn't. I was not well, and I looked like an idiot that morning.

She (intently studying the photograph)—Well, it looks exactly like you, anyway.—Judge.

Winter in the South.

The season approaches when one's thoughts turn toward a place where the inconveniences of a Northern winter may be escaped. No section of this country offers such ideal spots as the Gulf Coast on the line of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad between Mobile and New Orleans. It possesses a mild climate, pure air, even temperature and facilities for hunting and fishing enjoyed by no other section. Accommodations for visitors are first-class, and can be secured at moderate prices. The L. & N. R. R. is the only line by which it can be reached in through cars from Northern cities. Through car schedules to all points in Florida by this line are also perfect. Write for folders, etc., to Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

The world may owe every man a living, but the miner is the one who digs down into the earth's pockets and gets it.—Chicago Daily News.

Every reader of this paper should give special heed to the offers which are appearing from week to week by the John M. Smyth Co., the mammoth mail order house of Chicago. In this issue will be found their advertisement of a thoroughly up-to-date, first-class sewing machine, at the astoundingly low price of $14.25. Coming as this offer and other offers do from a house with a commercial rating of over one million dollars, and of the highest character, they mark an opportunity that the shrewd buyer will not be slow to take advantage of. The John M. Smyth Co., 150 to 166 West Madison street, will send their mammoth catalogue, in which is listed at wholesale prices everything to eat, wear and use, on receipt of only 10 cents to partly pay postage or expressage, and even this 10 cents is allowed on first purchase amounting to one dollar.

The Office Boy—"Only three more days before my vacation!" The Fixture—"You ought not to wish away your time." The Office Boy—"I ain't. I'm only wishing away the boss' time so that my time can begin."—Boston Transcript.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

The Bachelor Defined.—A Dallas mother with five grown daughters defines a bachelor as a "miserable coward who has lost the opportunity of a lifetime."—Dallas News.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

A man's favorite joke is that he is related to the church by marriage. — Atchison Globe.

The Rock Island Playing Cards are the slickest you ever handled. One pack will be sent by mail on receipt of 15 cents in stamps. A money order or draft for 50 cents or same in stamps will secure 4 packs, and they will be sent by express, charges prepaid. Address, John Sebastian, G. P. A., C. R. I. & P., Chicago.

There is one thing worse than not having anything good to eat, and that is to have it and not be able to eat it.—Ledger Monthly.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Ignorance is more powerful in the hands of some people than knowledge.—Chicago Daily News.

I have used Piso's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

KIDNEY DISEASE,

Caused by Internal Catarrh, Promptly Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Hon. J. H. Caldwell, a prominent member of the Louisiana State Legislature, says the following in regard to Pe-ru-na for catarrh:

Hon. J. H. Caldwell.

"I have used Pe-ru-na for a number of years with the very best results for catarrhal diseases. I shall never be without it. I never fail to recommend it when an opportunity presents itself."—J. H. Caldwell, Robeline, La.

Gilbert Hofer, Grays, Ky., says in a letter dated March 7th, 1894: "I have used four bottles of Pe-ru-na and I am well of my catarrh, and it cured my Bright's disease. I had been troubled for two years. I weigh twenty pounds more than I did before I was taken sick. I shall never be without Pe-ru-na."

Send for free catarrh book. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP IS SURE

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 20 for 5c.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

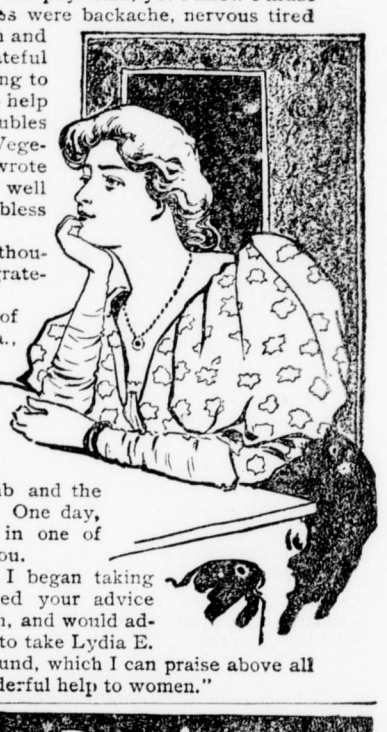
PATENTS Advice as to patentability and inventors' guide free. S. H. EVANS, 1010 F, Washington, D. C.

A WOMAN HELPS WOMEN

THERE are women everywhere who suffer almost constantly because they cannot bring themselves to tell all about their ills to a physician.

Such women can surely explain their symptoms and their suffering by letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for the confidence reposed in her has never been violated. Over a million women have been helped by her advice and medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham in attending to her vast correspondence is assisted by women only. If you are ill, don't delay. Her reply will cost you nothing and it will be a practical help as it was to MISS ELLA E. BRENNER, East Rochester, Ohio, who says: "I shrunk from the ordeal of examination by our physician, yet I knew I must have treatment. My troubles were backache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhœa. I am so grateful to you now that I am willing to have my name published to help other girls to take their troubles to you. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound used as you wrote me has made me entirely well and very happy. I shall bless you as long as I live."



Mrs. Pinkham receives thousands of such letters from grateful women.

MISS NELLIE RUSSELL, of 138 Grace St., Pittsburg, Pa., in a letter to Mrs. Pinkham says: "From childhood I suffered from kidney trouble and as I grew older my troubles increased having intense pain running from my waist to my womb and the menses were very painful. One day, seeing your advertisement in one of our papers, I wrote to you.

"When your reply came I began taking your Compound and followed your advice and am now in perfect health, and would advise any lady rich or poor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I can praise above all other remedies. It is a wonderful help to women."

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS · GIVEN · AWAY.

LIKE FINDING MONEY.

The use of the Endless Chain Starch Book in the purchase of "Red Cross" and "Hubinger's Best" starch, makes it just like finding money. Why, for only 5c you are enabled to get one large 10c package of "Red Cross" starch, one large 10c package of "Hubinger's Best" starch, with the premiums, two Shakespeare panels, printed in twelve beautiful colors, or one Twentieth Century Girl Calendar, embossed in gold. Ask your grocer for this starch and obtain the beautiful Christmas presents free.

JOHN M. SMYTH CO.

MAMMOTH MAIL ORDER HOUSE — 150 TO 166 WEST MADISON ST CHICAGO

$14.25 $14.25

The Best Sewing Machine on Earth

At the Price, $14.25 for Our "MELBA" Sewing Machine.

A high-arm, high-grade machine **equal** to what others are asking $25.00 to $35.00 for. **Guaranteed by us for 20 years** from date of purchase, against any imperfection in material or workmanship. **The stand is made of the best iron** and is nicely proportioned. **The cabinet work** is perfect and is furnished in your choice of **antique, oak or walnut.** It has **seven drawers** all handsomely carved and with nickel-plated ring pulls **The mechanical construction is equal to that of any machine** regardless of price. All working parts are of the best oil-tempered tool steel, every bearing perfectly fitted and adjusted so as to make the **running** qualities the **lightest, most perfect and nearest noiseless** of any machine made. This Sewing Machine has all the latest improvements. **It makes a perfect and uniform LOCK STITCH,** and will do the best work on either the lightest muslins or heaviest cloths, sewing over seams and rough places without skipping stitches **A full set of best steel attachments,** nicely nickel-plated and enclosed in a handsome plush-lined metal, japanned box, and **a complete assortment of accessories and book of instruction FURNISHED FREE** with each machine.

60 DAYS TRIAL. We ship this machine C.O.D. subject to approval, on receipt of **two** dollars. If, on examination you are convinced that we are saving you $25 or $30 on agent's price, pay the balance and freight charges then try the machine. If not satisfied at any time within **60 days** send the machine back to us **at our expense** and we will refund the full purchase price..... **$14.25**

MAMMOTH CATALOGUE In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10¢ to partly pay postage or expressage and as evidence of good faith the 10¢ is allowed on first purchase amounting to $1.00 or above.

OUR MONTHLY GROCERY PRICE LIST FREE.

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Read "The Corn Belt," a handsome monthly paper, beautifully illustrated, containing exact and truthful information about farm lands in the West, letters from farmers and pictures of their homes, barns and stock. Interesting and instructive. Send 25 cents in postage stamps for a year's subscription to "THE CORN BELT," 209 Adams St., Chicago.

25c. that's all

If you will send us 25c. we will send you Demorest's Family Magazine for three months and give you two handsome pictures in ten colors, exact reproductions of famous oil paintings. They are 8 by 11½ inches. This offer of this great family magazine is only good for 60 days.

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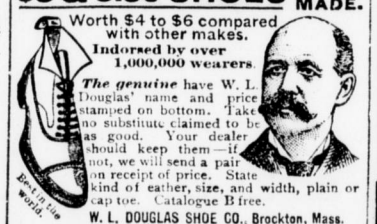

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The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price. State kind of eather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue B free.

Best in the world

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

Top Snap Complete Double Breech Loader $9.99 **GUNS** FISH-TACKLE SPORTSMEN'S SUPPLIES CHEAPER than ELSEWHERE Send stamp for catalogue. POWELL & CLEMENT CO. 418 Main St., CINCINNATI.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At druggists or by mail on receipt of price 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

A. N. K.—C 1787

CARTER'S INK Makes writing a comfort.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Our stock of new dress fabrics in black and colors is now complete and we are showing the largest and best collection in the city and at the lowest prices.

Among the particularly attractive things for early fall note the following:

36-inch silk and wool granite and cashmere plaids in new color effects, 35c yard, worth 50c.

36-inch all-wool camel's hair plaids, choice color combinations, splendid quality at 50c yard.

46-inch German all-wool, silk-finished Henrietta in street and evening shades, regular 75c quality for 59c yard.

46-inch all-wool French whipcords, in the most desirable fall shades, 59c yard, worth 75c.

52-inch all-wool, Venetian suitings, 56-inch homespun suitings, 54-inch knickerbocker tweeds and 52-inch shrunken cheviots, all new and superior weaves in this season's colors, special value, 75c yard.

52-inch all-wool fine broadcloths and Venitian cloths in a superb line of street and evening shades. These are among the stylish weaves this season, prices $1.00 to $3.50 yard.

Elegant new plaids, camel'-hair cloths, homespuns lamb's woolsuitings and broadcloths, 46 to 56 inches wide, prices $1.00 to $2.50 yard. This includes the grandest stock of plaid dress fabrics ever shown in Buffalo.

Tailor suitings and cloths in all the fashionable weaves of the season, including a larger line of double-faced golf cloths, $1.00 to $7.00 yard.

Black dress goods of every description. Beautiful black crepons at moderate prices.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y

WE ARE READY FOR

Winter?
Are You?

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

UP-TO-DATE CLOTHIERS.

We took time by the forelock and made our purchases of

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

Thereby securing the cream of the market. Times are not as they used to be—"the early bird catches the worm." Our customers shall have the benefit. In clothing we have secured the very popular

SCHLOSS BRO'S & Co.'s

BALTIMORE CLOTHING.

This firm manufactures the best goods in the market and we are pleased to show our customers their clothing.

STYLISH HATS.

When we say we have the most stylish line of late fall and all-winter shapes in Hats we mean just what we say. We have never yet seen a larger or better line in this county.

ALL UP-TO-DATE,

We have recently disposed of all old goods and our present line has been selected new in every department.

R. SEGER & SON.

Emporium, Pa

TRUSTWORTHY STORE.

Dry Goods

GENERAL STORE

We carry an elegant assortment of Carpets and when in need of anything in this line come and see us.

In Corsets we handle the R. & G., Dr. Warner's Fetherbone and W. B. Cyclist.

Men's, Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear in cotton and wool.

We have an elegant assortment of China Ware and our prices are bound to sell the goods.

BALCOM & LLOYD.

Fourth Street, Emporium, Pa.

HONEST DEALING.

ALL SORTS.

Parents think it much more of a compliment to have their daughter called a ready-maid than a tailor maid.

J. D. Bridges, Editor "Democrat," Lancaster, N. H., says, "One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy for croup I ever used." Immediately relieves and cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

There is no fear of losing anything by sending clean eggs and nice looking poultry to market.

If you are suffering from drowsiness in the day time, irritability of temper, sleepless nights, general debility, headache, and general want of tone of the system, use Herbine. You will get relief and finally a cure. Price 50 cts. L. Taggart. nov

It's not exactly known what the weather says to the trees when the autumn leaves, but it makes them change color.

"I had dyspepsia fifty-seven years and never found permanent relief till I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Now I am well and feel like a new man," writes S. J. Fleming, Murray, Neb. It is the best digestent known. Cures all forms of indigestion. Physicians everywhere prescribe it. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Lend a man money and he will forget all about you in a week. Refuse him and he will remember you to hii dying day.

LaGrippe, with its after effects, annuall destroys thousands of people. It may be quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, the only remedy that produces immediate results in coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, pneumonia and throat and lung troubles. It will prevent consumption. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The dressmaker can help a weman out with a wedding gown, but not with a divorce suit.

Dr. W. Wixon, Itally Hill, N. Y., says, "I heartily recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It gave my wife immediate relief in suffocating asthma." Pleasant to take. Never fails to quickly cure all coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

When a man can borrow an umbrella its a pretty good evidence that he's honest.

Constipation means the accumulation of waste matter that should be discharged daily, and unless this is done the foul matter is absorbed and poisons the system. Use Herbine to bring about regularity of the bowels. Price 50 cts. L. Taggart. nov

No, Maude, dear, you could scarcely refer to the cornet player as a horny handed son of toil.

"I wouldn't be without DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for any consideration," writes Thos. B. Rhodes, Centerfield, O., Infallible for piles, cuts, burns and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Coal dealers ought to give fire insurance policies with each load.

Dr. H. H. Haden, Summit, Ala., says, "I think Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a splendid medicine. I prescribe it, and my confidence in it grows with continued use." It digests what you eat and quickly cures dyspepsia and indigestion. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

There is a drawback in always getting our own way—we haven't any one to blame then when things go wrong.

You never know what form of blood poison will follow constipation. Keep the liver clean by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers and you will avoid trouble. They are famous little pills for constipation and liver and bowel troubles. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

A woman can put on her customary airs when her purse is empty, but a man cannot. This is one instance of feminine superiority.

Infant mortalty is something frightful. Nearly one-quarter die before they reach one year, one third before they are five, and one half before they are fifteen! The timely use of White's Cream Vermifuge would save a majority of these precious lives. Price 25cts. L. Taggart. nov

The fellow who doesn't blow his own horn usually goes without music.

For burns, cuts, bruises, lacerations, or injuries of any description, Ballard's Snow Liniment is a sovereign remedy. It never fails to do good, and so promptly that its wonderful curative properties frequently create surprise. Price 25 and 50 cts. L. Taggart. nov

The man who mounts the pinnacle of fame leads a lonely existence.

If you have sore throat, soreness across the back or side, or your lungs feel sore or tender, or you are threatened with diphtheria or pneumonia, apply Ballard's Snow Liniment externally, and use Ballard's Horehound Syrup. L. Taggart. nov

The man who is shadowed is apt to have a good deal of light cast on his character.

Used by British Soldiers in Africa.

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Galishe. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Veryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholery and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by L. Taggart, Druggist. nov

It will not be a surprise to any who are at all familar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds it has cured, of threatened attacks of pneumonia it has averted and of the children it has saved from attacks of croup and whooping cough. It is a grand, good medicine. For sale by L. Taggart, Druggist. nov

The writing paper trust has advanced the price of writing paper, though it was only fair to suppose that the material would remain stationery.

Thousands of men and women suffer from piles, especially women with female weakness have this suffering to contend with in addition to their other pains. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment will quickly effect a cure. Price, 50cts, in bottles, tubes 75 cts. L. Taggart. nov

Bookmakers are seldom literary.

Chamberlain,s Pain Balm Cures Others, Why Not You?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicine and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.—Adolph L. Millett, Manchester, N. H. For sale by L. Taggart, Druggist. nov

Some men are too stingy to entertain a doubt.

Black Diphtheria.

Two cases reported last month and both were successfully treated with Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops. Remember the "Ounce of prevention." Keep these Drops at hand and use in time. Sold by druggists.

COPPERHEAD SNAKE BITE.—A boy near Hammodsville, O., was bitten, and after two hours suffering Armstrong's "I cure U" was used. It stopped the pain, drew out the poison and saved the boy's life. For pain, internal and external, this remedy has no equal. Ask for Armstrong's "I cure U". 6ly.

With the umbrella its a case of put up or shut up.

Notice to Wheelmen.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 25 cent bottle of Henry & Johnson's Arnica & Oil Liniment, if it fails to cure bumps, bruises, scratches, chafes, cuts, strains, blisters, sore muscles, sunburn, chapped hands or face, pimples, freckles, or any other ailments requiring an external application. Lady riders are especially pleased with Arnica and Oil Liniment, it is so clean and nice to use. Twenty-five cents a bottle; one three times as large for 50 cents. L. Taggart R. C. Dodson. 34-25ly

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—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

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ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE
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Letters strictly confidential. Address,
E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

A Young Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celery King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa.

Celery King for the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is sold in 25c. and 50c. packages by druggists and dealers. 4

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